

State of Center City 2019: opportunities & challenges



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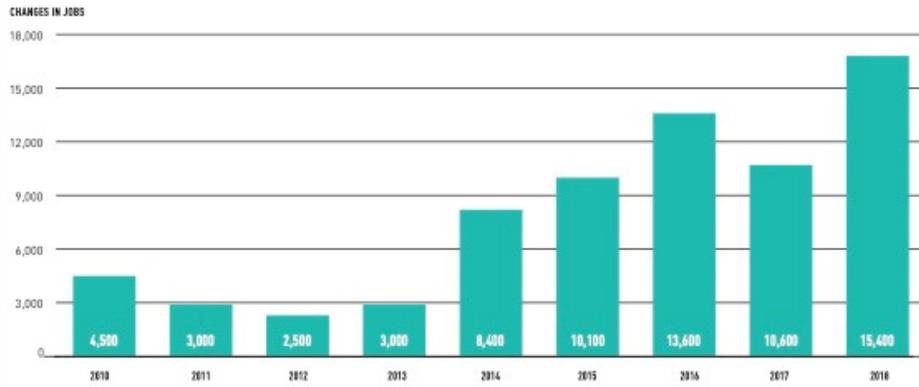


Let's start with the good news



Philadelphia: 9 straight years of growth + 71,100 jobs Longest winning streak since early 1950s

TOTAL JOB CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR 2010-2018

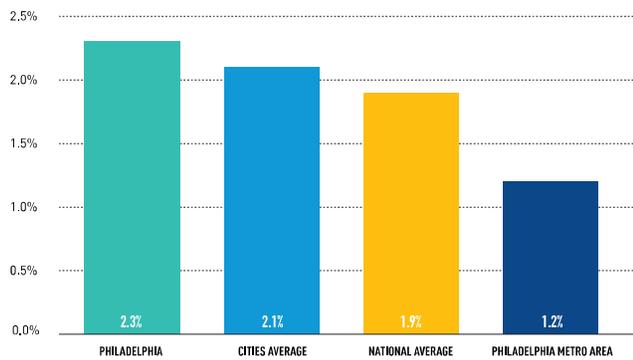


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics



2018 was a really good year! Lifted us above suburbs, national & large city average: 2.3%

ANNUAL PERCENT CHANGE IN PRIVATE SECTOR JOBS, 2017-2018



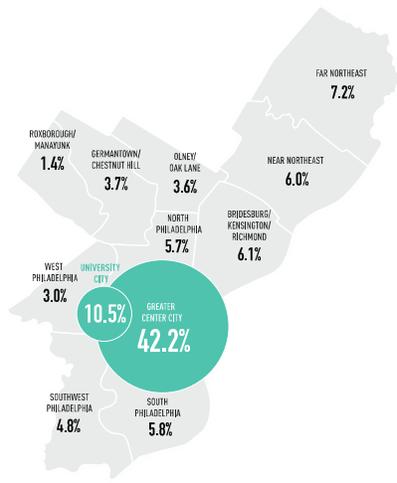
| CITY | % CHANGE 2017-2018 |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Austin | 3.9% |
| Phoenix | 3.7% |
| San Francisco | 3.5% |
| Nashville | 3.2% |
| Seattle | 2.9% |
| Jacksonville | 2.9% |
| Charlotte | 2.8% |
| Denver | 2.6% |
| Dallas-Fort Worth | 2.6% |
| San Diego | 2.5% |
| Houston | 2.3% |
| Philadelphia | 2.3% |
| Atlanta | 2.3% |
| New York City | 2.1% |
| Cities Average | 2.1% |
| Baltimore | 2.0% |
| San Antonio | 2.0% |
| San Jose | 1.9% |
| National Average | 1.9% |
| Washington, D.C. | 1.8% |
| Los Angeles | 1.7% |
| El Paso | 1.7% |
| Boston | 1.5% |
| Columbus | 1.4% |
| Detroit | 1.4% |
| Philadelphia Metro Area | 1.2% |
| Indianapolis | 1.1% |
| Memphis | 1.0% |
| Chicago | 1.0% |

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics



42.2% of all jobs concentrated in Center City

PHILADELPHIA EMPLOYMENT BY AREA



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Local Employment-Household Dynamics, 2015



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

In last three decades Center City has emerged

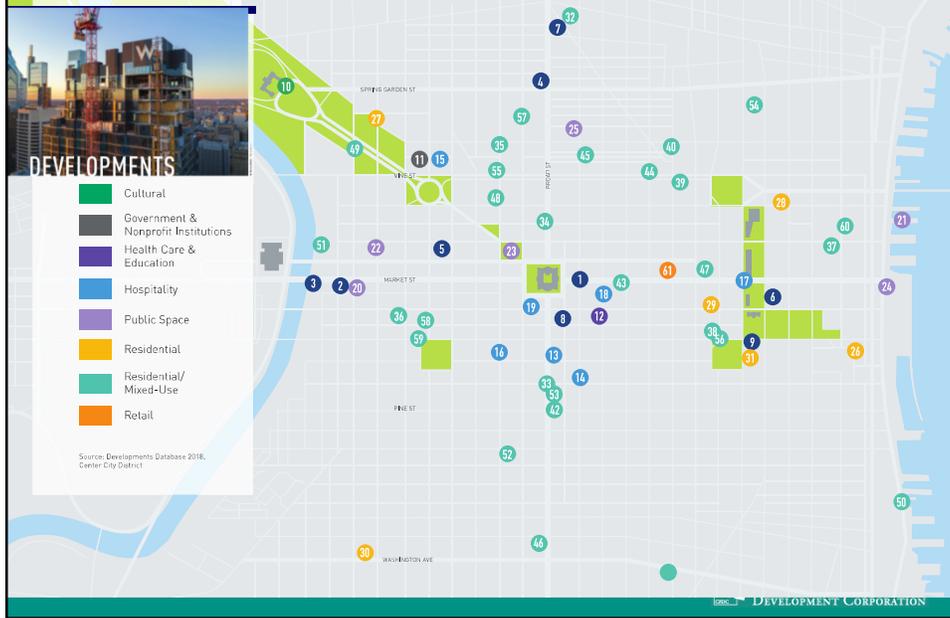
Dense, mixed-use, live-work downtown:

40% jobs in office sector; 20% eds & meds; 11.6% leisure & hospitality

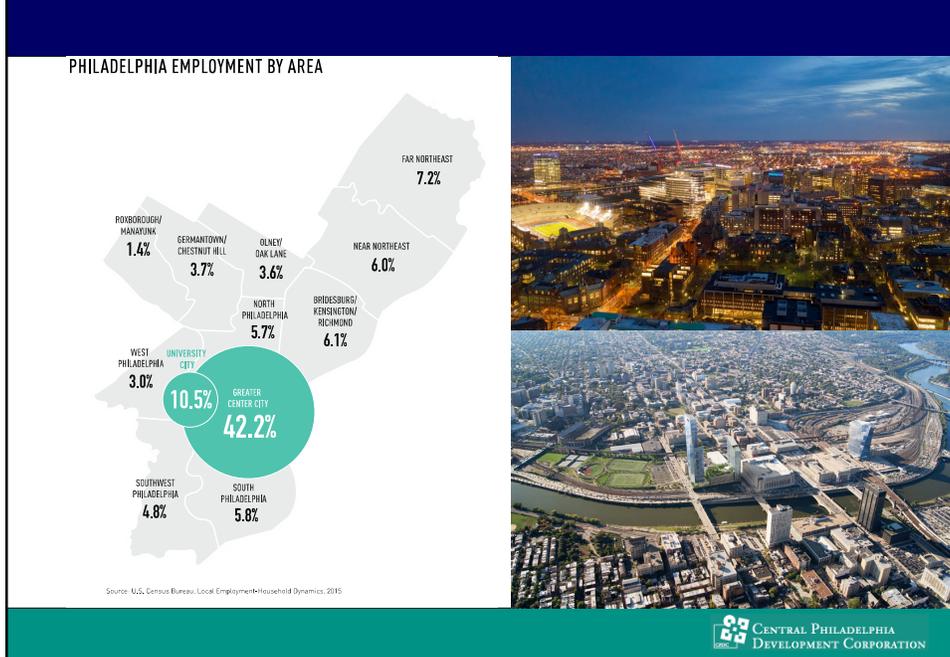


CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Start of 2019: 61 major projects; 21.5 million sf, \$7.1 billion in new development completed/in progress



University City 10.5% of all jobs in Philadelphia



**University City campuses dramatically expanding
Attracting almost \$3 billion in research funding**



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**Penn making major investments in innovation
Huge opportunities with commercialization of research**



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Emerging leader in the new bio-tech economy

Roche agrees to buy Philadelphia biotech Spark Therapeutics for \$4.3 billion, enriching CHOP, founders

by Joseph N. DiStefano and Diane Mastrull, Updated: February 25, 2019



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Drexel is going through significant expansion



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Drexel/Brandywine Innovation District



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Park opened last week



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**One of many new investments on both side of Schuylkill River
Closing gap between Center City & University City**



Strong growth at the Navy Yard: 1% of city jobs



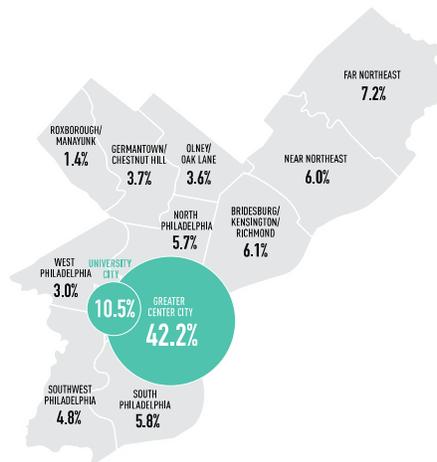
Temple's campuses continue to grow= 1% city jobs



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Center City (42.2%) + University City (10.5%) 8% of land-area = 53% of all jobs in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA EMPLOYMENT BY AREA



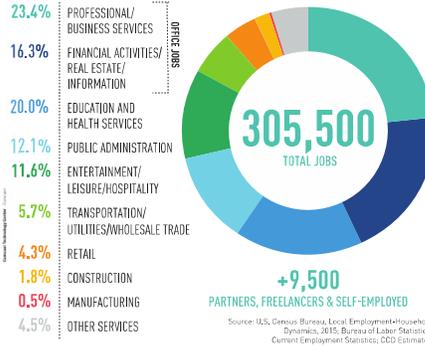
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Local Employment+Household Dynamics, 2015

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Center City = 315,000 jobs 305,500 salaried jobs + 9,500 freelance & partners

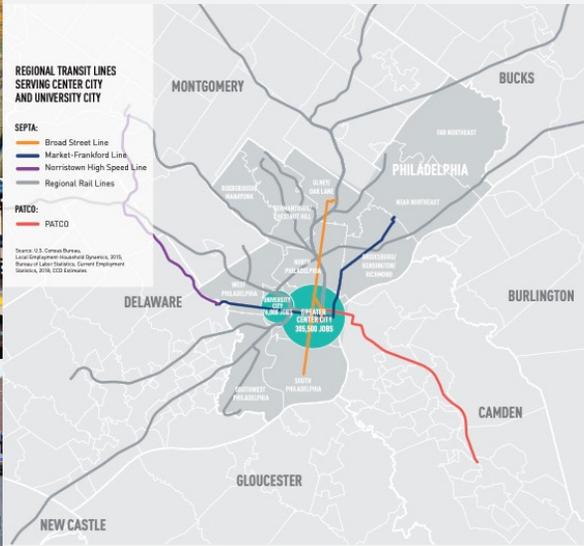


GREATER CENTER CITY WAGE & SALARY EMPLOYMENT



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

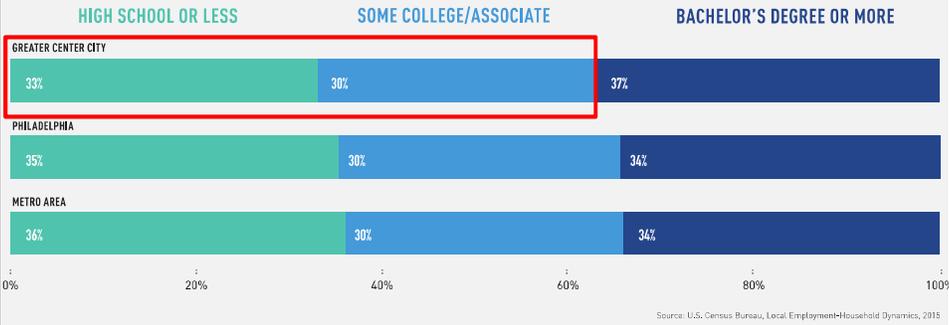
All jobs concentrated at center of regional transit system that brings 300,000 passengers downtown each day



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

**33% jobs require only HS diploma;
30% require an Associates degree
37% BA degree or higher**

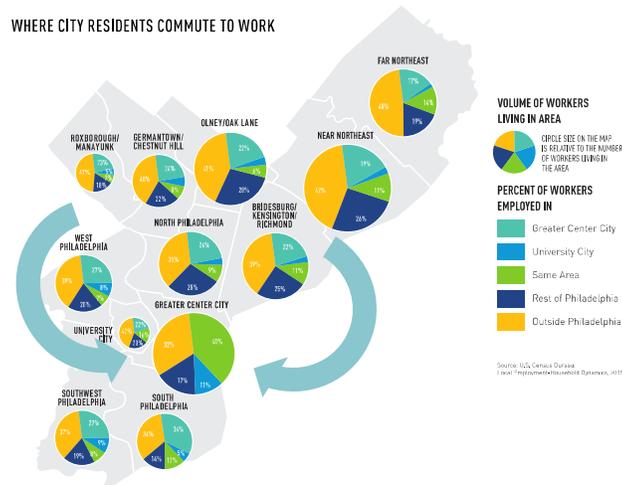
PERCENT OF JOBS BY LEVEL OF EDUCATION, WORKERS 30 AND OLDER



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

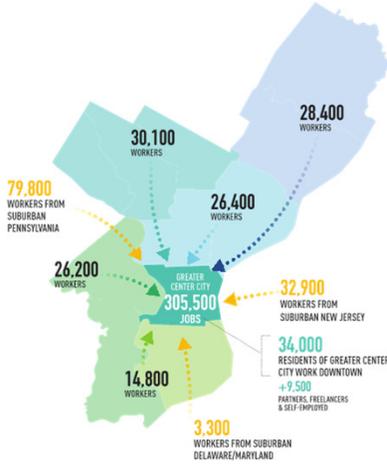
**Diverse job offerings + SEPTA = 25% of working residents
from every neighborhood earn their livelihood downtown
Outside Center City, just 10% work in neighborhood in which they live
Another 5% work in University City**

WHERE CITY RESIDENTS COMMUTE TO WORK

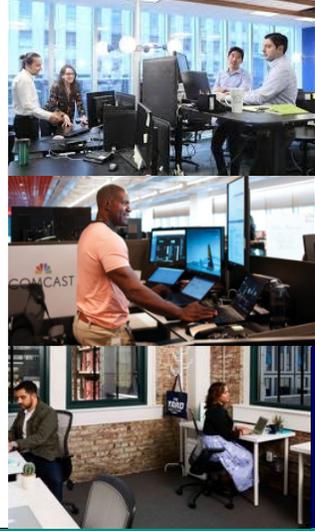


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**Center City is the transit accessible alternative for
126,000 neighborhood + 34,000 Center City residents
160,000 downtown jobs for Philadelphia residents**



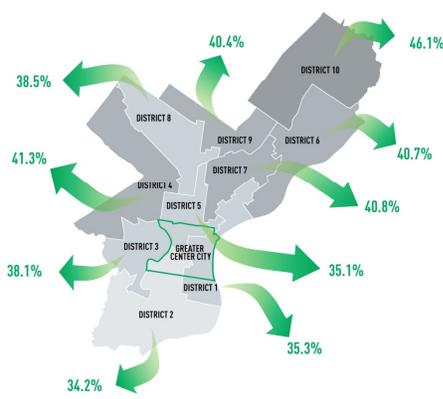
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Local Employment-Household Dynamics 2015, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics 2016, CDD's estimates



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

**But 40% of neighborhood residents outside downtown
Reverse commute to suburbs each day**

PERCENT COMMUTING TO JOBS OUTSIDE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, BY CITY COUNCIL DISTRICT



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Local Employment-Household Dynamics, 2014



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Office sector: 40% of employment, 121,300 jobs

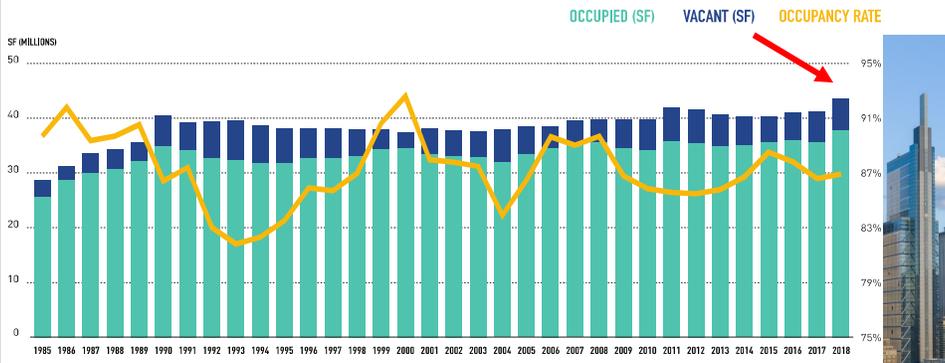
Office buildings: densest containers of our most diverse jobs
 High wage/skill; moderately skilled; service jobs



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New record high inventory: 43.5 million sf (Comcast) Rents in nearly all submarket above \$30/sf

CENTER CITY PHILADELPHIA OFFICE MARKET, 1985-2018



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**During recent growth from 2002-2018
Philadelphia added 4.7 million sf of occupied space
From 33.1m occupied to 37.8 occupied sf in CBD**



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DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

**But during same period, 2002-2018, Boston's CBD
Added 16 million sf; from 44.9m to 60.9m occupied sf**



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Modest office sector growth explains why our rents are well below peer cities

CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT ASKING RENTS, 2018



Source: Newmark Knight Frank



Further, only 3 of 28 major 2018 lease transactions were firms moving in from outside (1 was non-profit)



SIGNIFICANT OFFICE LEASING TRANSACTIONS IN CENTER CITY, 2018

| MARKET WEST | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Tenant | Building | Class | Size (SF) | Type | | |
| Reliance Standard | 1780 Market | A | 151,881 | Relocation with expansion | | |
| Willis Towers Watson | 1735 Market | Trophy | 92,448 | Relocation with contraction | | |
| Dobson | 1730 Market | A | 93,060 | Renewal with contraction | | |
| Wells Fargo | Two Logan Square | Trophy | 84,388 | Relocation with contraction | | |
| Entersoft Communications | 2430 Market | A | 87,000 | New to market | | |
| PHMCC | 1431 Market | A | 51,790 | Relocation | | |
| Aberdeen Asset Management | 1930 Market | A | 53,492 | Relocation | | |
| Sparks Ecoworking | 1432 Locust | B | 48,047 | Expansion in market | | |
| PREP | One Commerce Square | Trophy | 43,000 | Relocation | | |
| Marcum | 1431 Market | A | 37,792 | Relocation | | |
| Clark Hill | 2031 Market | Trophy | 34,000 | Relocation | | |
| Zarwin Baum | 2025 Market | Trophy | 33,572 | Relocation | | |
| Greenberg Traurig | 2025 Market | Trophy | 31,000 | Relocation | | |
| Simon & Simon | 1818 Market | A | 31,000 | Relocation | | |
| Bennett Brinklin & Saltzberg | Centre Square | A | 29,000 | Relocation | | |
| Puffer Riedelich & Saffa | 1515 Market | A | 25,000 | Renewal | | |
| Market Resources Partners | 1818 Market | A | 25,000 | Relocation | | |
| Brascom America | 1725 Market | Trophy | 22,638 | Expansion | | |
| Deesey Mahoney & Valentini | 1401 Market | A | 20,188 | Renewal | | |
| Biological Theological Seminary | 2000 Hamilton | B | 15,693 | New to market | | |
| Swartz Campbell | One Liberty Place | Trophy | 17,003 | Relocation | | |
| MARKET EAST | | | | | | |
| Tenant | Building | Class | Size (SF) | Type | | |
| Macquarie Group | 100 Independence | A | 144,221 | Relocation | | |
| American Board of Internal Medicine | The Washington (510-531 Walnut) | A | 102,978 | Renewal | | |
| Bollinger | 833 Chestnut | B | 48,000 | Renewal | | |
| Make Offices | The Bourse | B | 33,346 | Expansion in market | | |
| Nelson Architects | 100 Independence | A | 29,414 | Relocation | | |
| Neumann Finance | 123 S Broad | B | 21,895 | New to market | | |
| IRM | Public Ledger Building | B | 17,862 | Relocation | | |

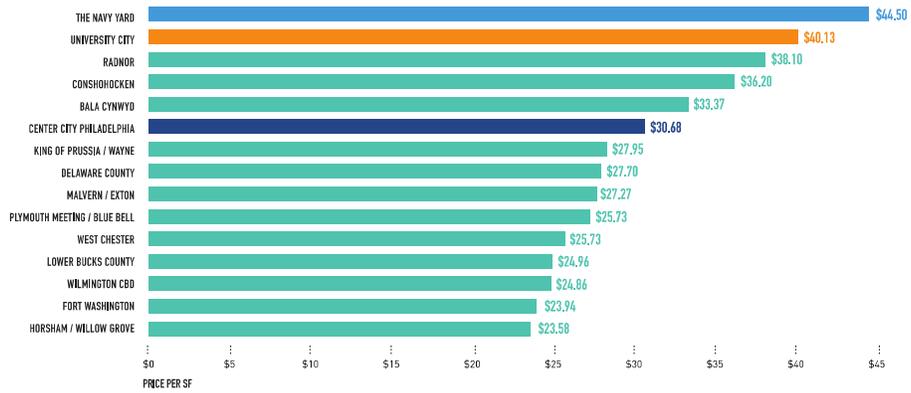
Source: J.P. Research



Rents below many other regional locations University City, Radnor, Conshohocken & Bala Cynwyd

REGIONAL AVERAGE ASKING RENTS, 2018

Result of local tax policy

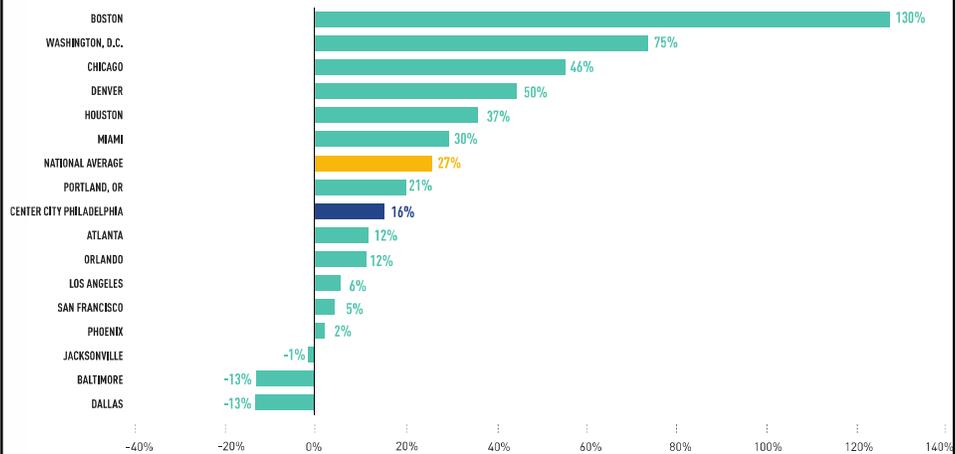


Source: JLL Research



Philadelphia's CBD rent premium over suburban rents Is just 16% compared to 27% for national average of CBD's

CLASS A RENTS, CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT COMPARED TO SUBURBS

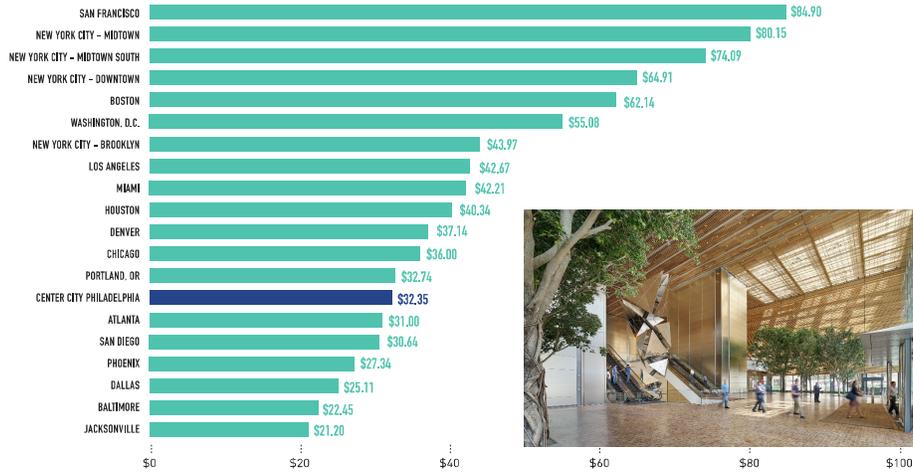


Source: Newmark Knight Frank



But comparatively low rents also make us ripe for a well-funded strategy for business attraction

CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT ASKING RENTS, 2018



Source: Newmark Knight Frank

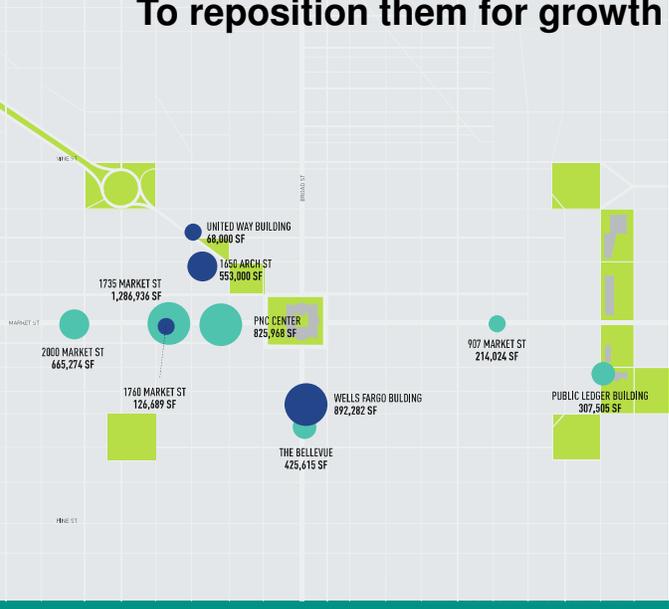


An opportunity understood by the outside investors purchasing Center City office buildings To reposition them for growth

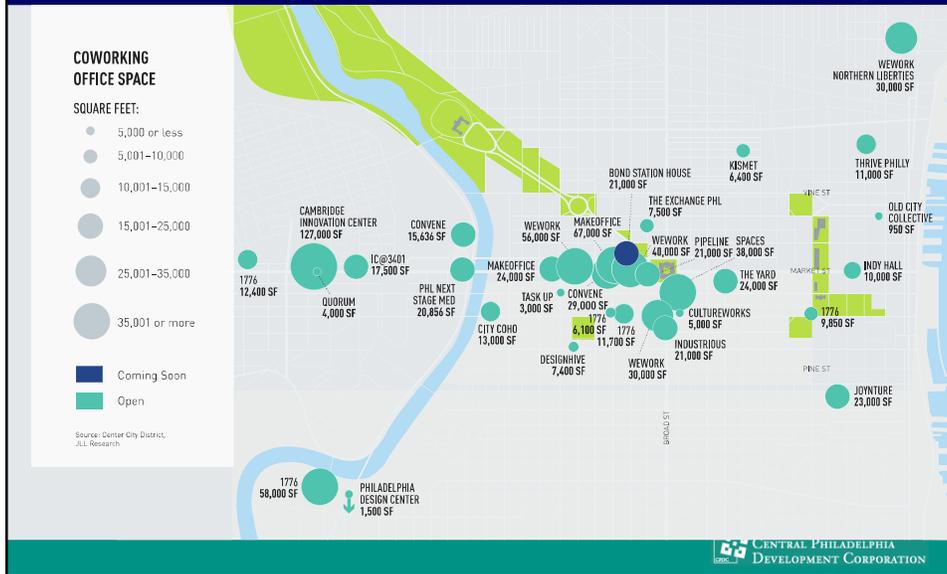
CENTER CITY OFFICE BUILDING ACQUISITIONS, 2018



Source: Cushman & Wakefield



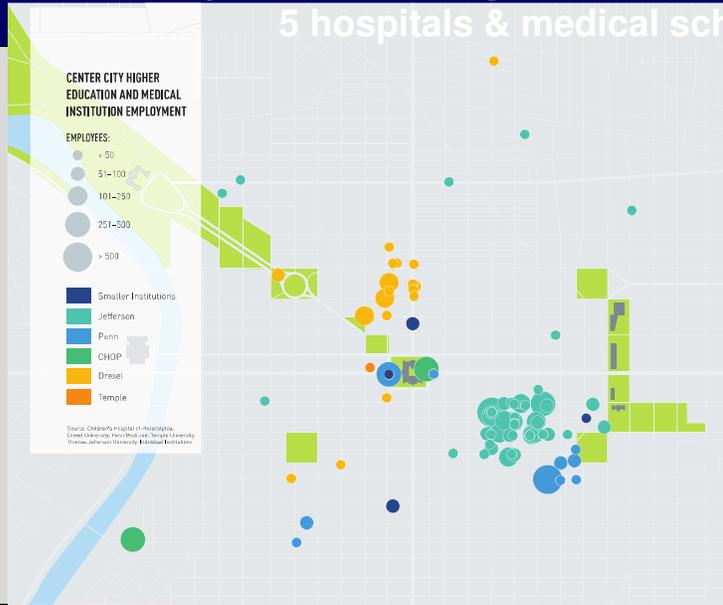
**Potential for much stronger growth suggested by number of national & suburban firms testing waters
Occupying 773,000 sf of co-working space**



20% of downtown employment = 61,000 jobs

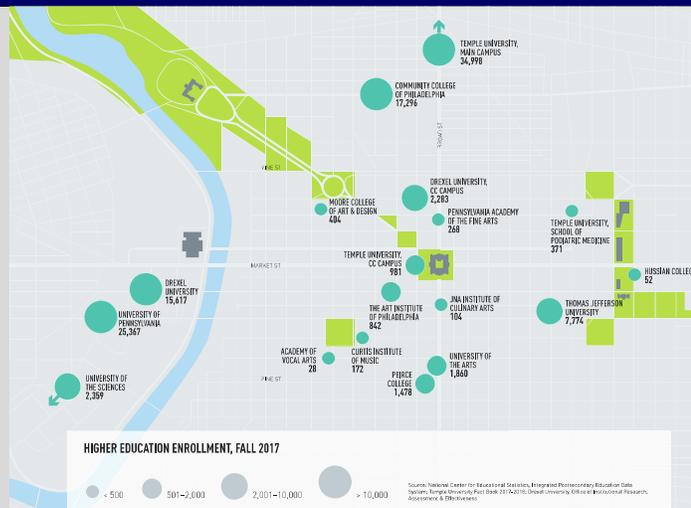


Center City holds 14 colleges & universities, 5 hospitals & medical schools



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Add University City & Temple = 112,254 students in & adjacent to Center City Large source of retail & apartment demand

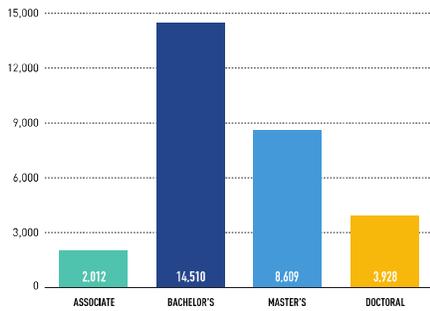


CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Higher education institutions conferred 29,059 degrees in 2018

28% in health care
 21% STEM (science, technology, engineering, math)
 18% in business

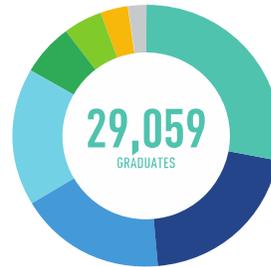
DEGREES CONFERRED BY PHILADELPHIA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, 2017



Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics

DEGREES CONFERRED BY TYPE, 2017

- 28% HEALTH FIELDS
- 21% STEM
- 18% BUSINESS
- 17% LIBERAL ARTS
- 6% VISUAL AND PERFORMING ARTS
- 5% EDUCATION
- 3% LEGAL PROFESSIONS AND STUDIES
- 2% OTHER



Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics



Provide a huge pool of skilled labor Attractive to employers: talent advantage



Leisure & Hospitality = 35,400, 11.6% downtown jobs



**1993: Made major public investment in hospitality
Pennsylvania Convention Center**



Subsequently expanded to a 1 million sf facility



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**Marketed by PHLCVB
enjoyed a steady stream of meetings**



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Including recent 16,000 person Bio International Convention

REGISTER | INTERNATIONAL ATTENDEES | PARTNERING | EDUCATION | BIO EXHIBITION | HOTEL & TRAVEL | EXHIBIT & SPONSOR

DOUBLE HELIX SPONSOR
Johnson & Johnson

BIO International Convention **BIO 2020** California

Home > BIO 2019 - June 3-6 - Philadelphia, PA

BIO 2019 - June 3-6 - Philadelphia, PA

Join us in Philadelphia, PA, June 3-6, 2019 as more than 16,000 attendees from around the globe gather for unparalleled partnering, education, networking, and to see all that tri-state area has to offer. The region's vast array of leading universities and research institutions fosters a collaborative environment.

The key benefits of attending the 2019 BIO International Convention are access to global biotech and pharma leaders via BIO One-on-One Partnering, exposure to industry thought-leaders with over 500 education sessions at your fingertips, and unparalleled networking opportunities with 16,000+ attendees from 67 countries.



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Substantial investment in tourism attractions Marketed by Visit Philly

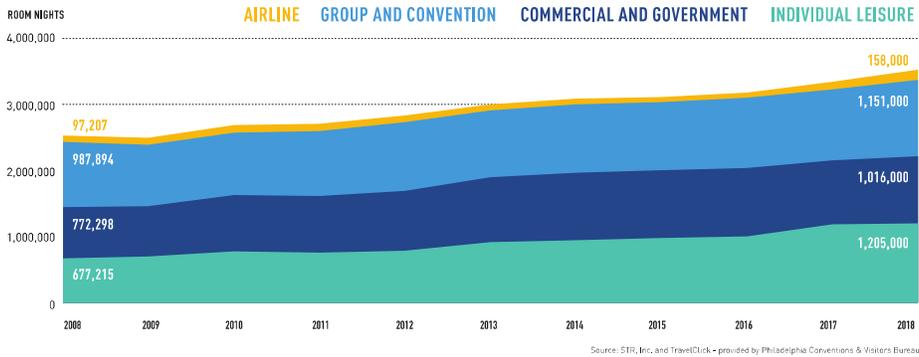


INDEPENDENCE VISITOR CENTER

CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

All categories of hotel demand: Convention, group, business & leisure are all rising Generating 3.5 million room nights in 2018

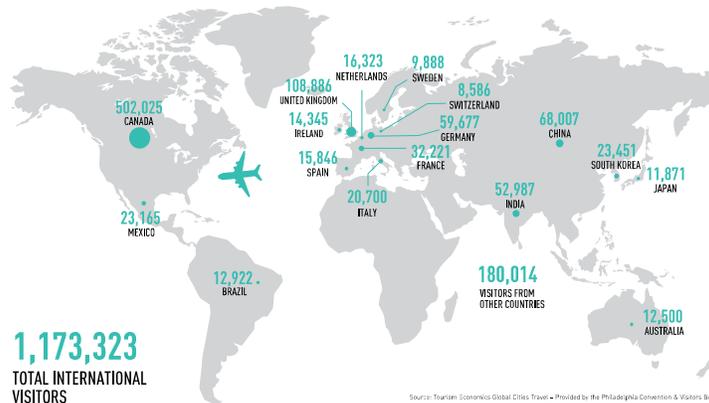
OCCUPIED CENTER CITY HOTEL ROOMS BY PURPOSE OF TRIP



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
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Includes steady growth in international travel

OVERSEAS VISITORS TO THE PHILADELPHIA
FIVE-COUNTY REGION BY COUNTRY, 2017



1,173,323
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL
VISITORS

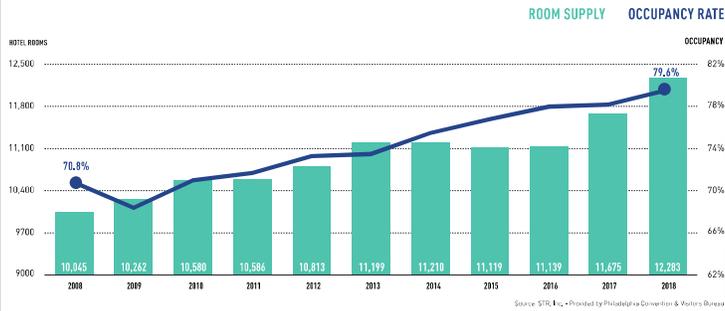


**INTERNATIONAL VISITORS GENERATED
AN ESTIMATED \$1.4 BILLION
IN ECONOMIC IMPACT IN THE PHILADELPHIA REGION**

CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Hotel occupancy & room rates at all time high Adding & absorbing new supply

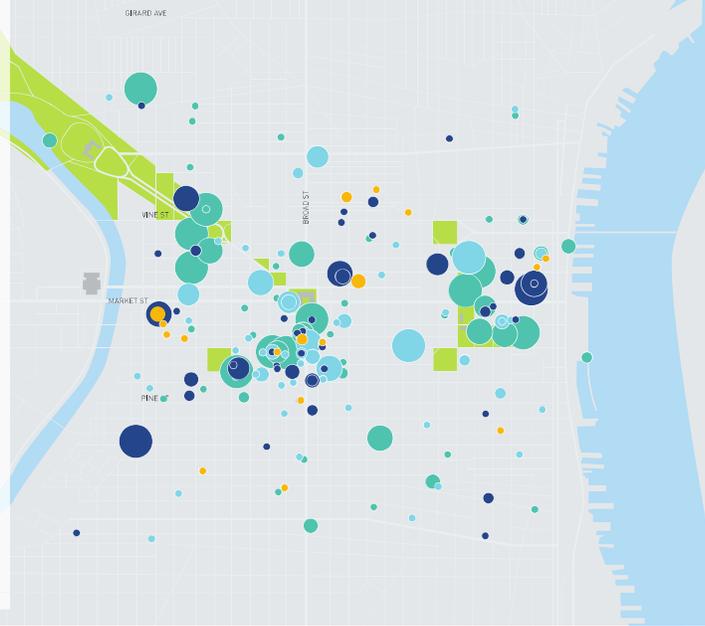
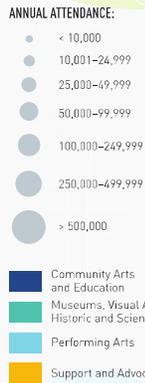
AVAILABILITY AND OCCUPANCY OF CENTER CITY HOTEL ROOMS



CPDC CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

354 arts & cultural institutions across Center City

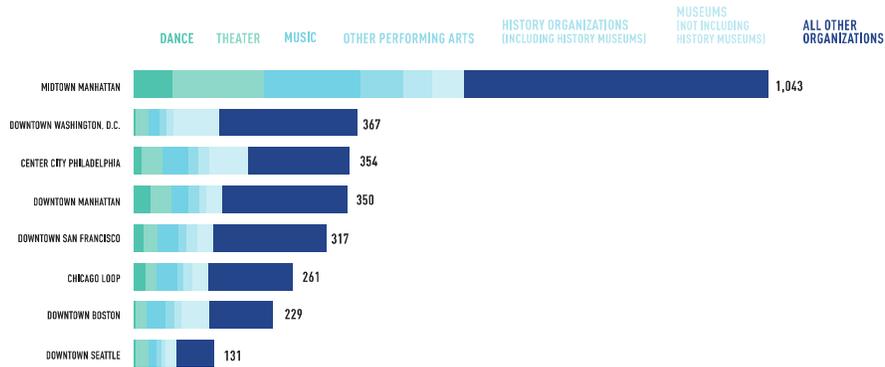
ARTS AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATIONS, 2018



Source: National Center for Charitable Statistics database; compiled by SMU DataArts

Third largest number downtown nationally, behind Midtown NY & Washington DC

DOWNTOWN ARTS AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATIONS, 2018



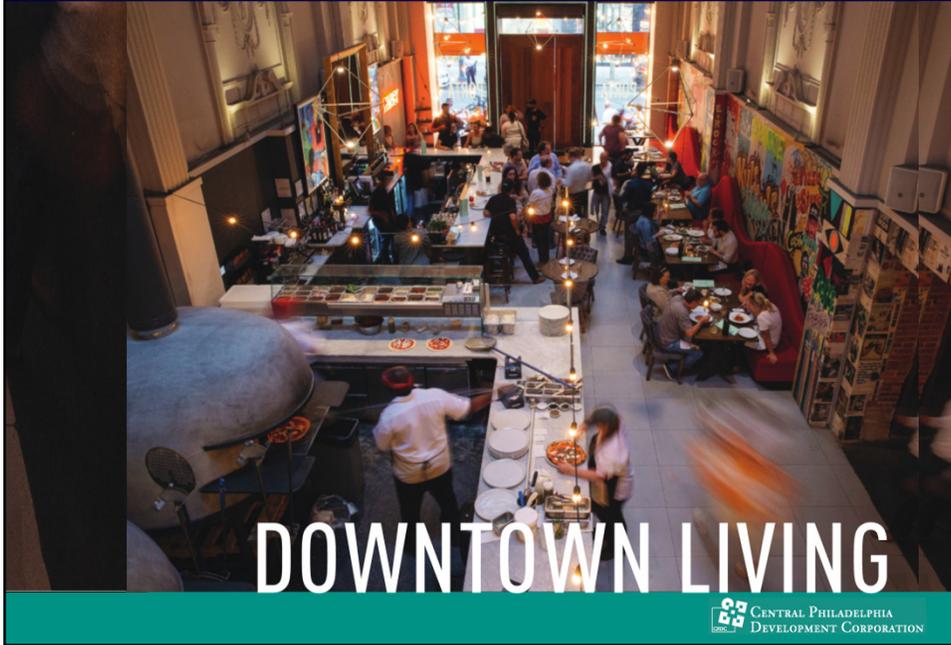
Source: February 2018 IRS Business Master File, compiled by SMU DataArts, US Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates



World-renown The Barnes Foundation



Our most positive story



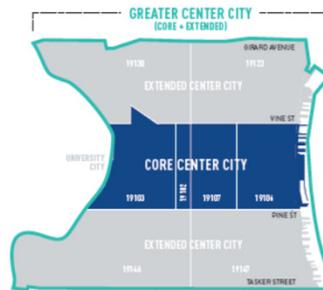
 CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
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Greater Center City 8 zip codes: Girard Avenue to Tasker Street

DEFINING DOWNTOWN



2,810 NEW UNITS OF HOUSING WERE
COMPLETED IN GREATER CENTER CITY IN 2018



DEFINING THE RESIDENTIAL DOWNTOWN:

The four ZIP codes between Vine and Pine streets are referred to in this report as "Core Center City" and the surrounding neighborhoods in the four adjacent ZIP codes are termed "Extended Center City." Together they form "Greater Center City."

 CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
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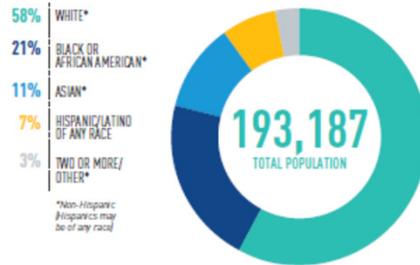
Fastest growing residential section of the city Population up 22% since 2000 to 193,187

GREATER CENTER CITY POPULATION



Source: US Census Bureau, Decennial Census, American Community Survey, CCD Estimates

GREATER CENTER CITY RACIAL DIVERSITY

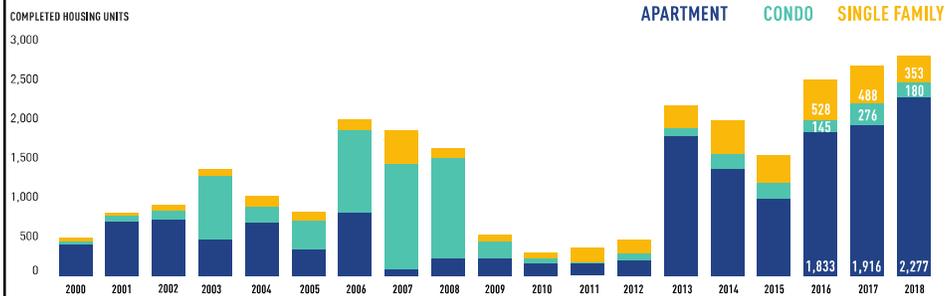


Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2013-2017, CCD Population Estimates

CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Since 2000: 26,195 new housing units; 25% who moved to PHL between 2000-2018, moved downtown 12% moved into University City

FIGURE 2: GREATER CENTER CITY HOUSING COMPLETIONS, 2000-2018



Source: Center City District

CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

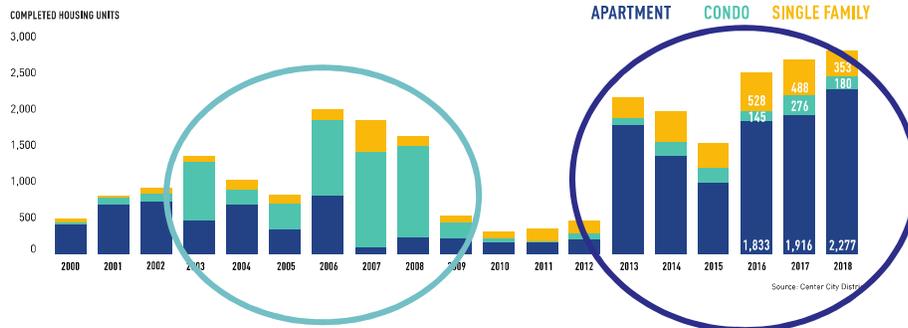
Broad diversity of product being built Apartments, townhouses & condos



CPDC CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Very different from the condo boom of the 2000s

FIGURE 2: GREATER CENTER CITY HOUSING COMPLETIONS, 2000-2018



CPDC CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

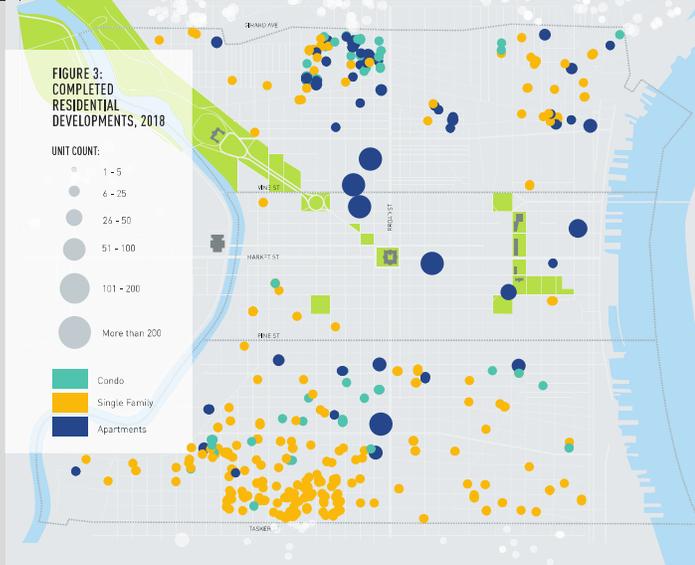
**81% of units built in 2018 apartments
66% of all supply in extended neighborhoods**

FIGURE 4: HOUSING COMPLETIONS BY AREA OF CENTER CITY

| AREA | APARTMENT | CONDO | SINGLE FAMILY | TOTAL |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|--------------|
| Core East | 581 | 0 | 2 | 583 |
| Core West | 357 | 2 | 13 | 372 |
| Core Total | 938 | 2 | 15 | 955 |
| Extended Northeast | 100 | 13 | 65 | 178 |
| Extended Northwest | 745 | 84 | 36 | 865 |
| Extended Southeast | 40 | 20 | 48 | 108 |
| Extended Southwest | 454 | 61 | 189 | 704 |
| Extended Total | 1,339 | 178 | 338 | 1,855 |
| GREATER CENTER CITY TOTAL | 2,277 | 180 | 353 | 2,810 |



**12% of units single family with strong clusters:
Point Breeze, Francisville, Northern Liberties; Pennsport**



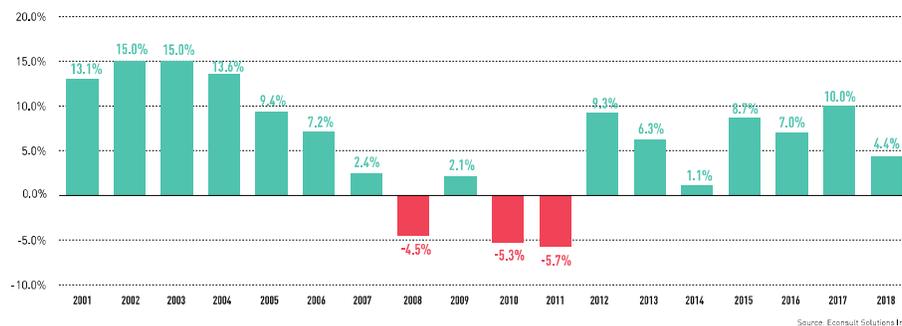
Averaged 400 new single-family homes/year since 2013



CPD CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

**Indexed pricing shows a slowing of growth in market
But still an appreciation in pricing of 4.4%
Demand remains strong**

FIGURE 17: GREATER CENTER CITY – INDEXED PERCENT CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR, 2001–2018



Source: Econsult Solutions Inc.

CPD CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

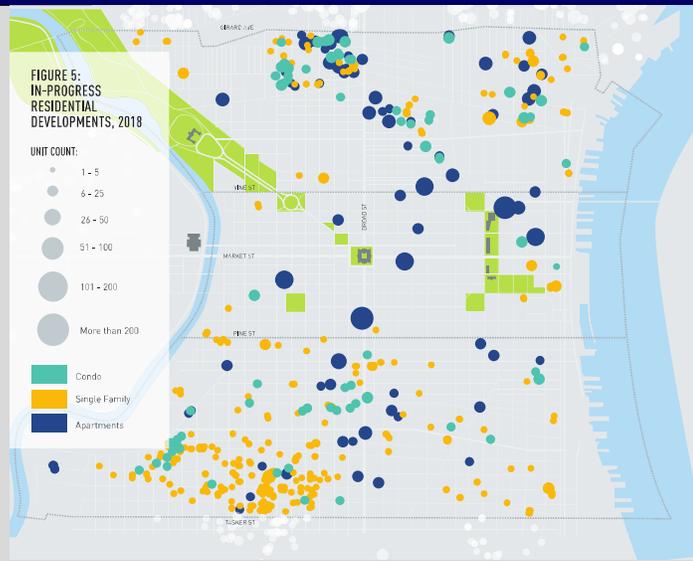
**Another 3,017 units under construction start 2019
71% apartments; single family up to 18%**

FIGURE 6: HOUSING UNDER CONSTRUCTION BY AREA OF CENTER CITY

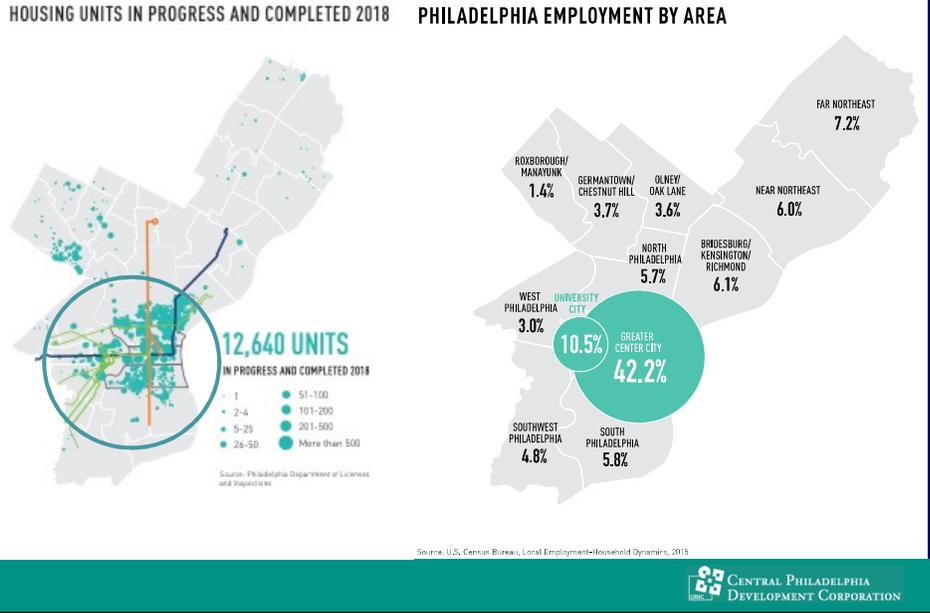
| AREA | APARTMENT | CONDO | SINGLE FAMILY | TOTAL |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|--------------|
| Core East | 593 | 8 | 29 | 630 |
| Core West | 458 | 9 | 8 | 475 |
| Core Total | 1,051 | 17 | 37 | 1,105 |
| Extended Northeast | 531 | 68 | 109 | 708 |
| Extended Northwest | 303 | 140 | 59 | 502 |
| Extended Southeast | 111 | 25 | 80 | 216 |
| Extended Southwest | 145 | 70 | 271 | 486 |
| Extended Total | 1,090 | 303 | 519 | 1,912 |
| GREATER CENTER CITY TOTAL | 2,141 | 320 | 556 | 3,017 |



**Single family pattern in 2019 similar to 2018;
more apartments in the core**



**81% of new supply built in just 17% of city's geography
Clustered around centers of job growth; transit connectively**



Filled with young professionals & empty nesters
45% of residents in the core, ages 20-34, 79% - BA degree
61% of residents in Greater Center City have a BA degree



A growing number of families with children

2,223

BABIES WERE BORN
TO GREATER CENTER CITY
PARENTS IN 2018

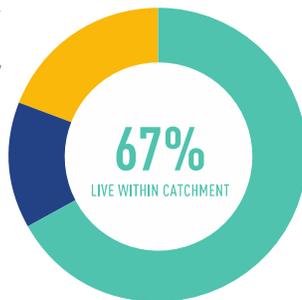


 CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

75% of children living in Greater Center City Attend one of 19 elementary public schools between Girard & Tasker

67% attend their catchment area
(neighborhood) school

- 67% LIVE WITHIN CATCHMENT
- 14% LIVE ELSEWHERE IN GREATER CENTER CITY
- 19% LIVE OUTSIDE OF GREATER CENTER CITY



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DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

4 elementary schools: demand exceeds capacity Queen Village, Society Hill, Passyunk Square, Fishtown

NEIGHBORHOOD ELEMENTARY ENROLLMENT AS A PERCENT OF BUILDING CAPACITY



Source: School District of Philadelphia, Catchment Reversion Details (2018-19)



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DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Development expanding beyond Greater Center City Facilitated by SEPTA connections



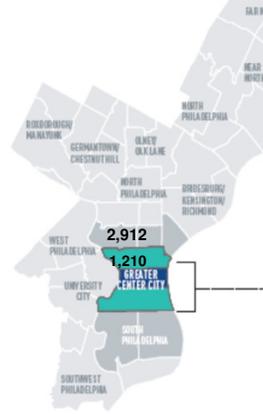
CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

In Zipcodes just north of Girard (19121, 19122, 19125) 2,912 units in progress compared to 1,210 just below Girard

FIGURE 9: DISTRIBUTION OF NEW UNITS

| AREA (ZIP CODE BASED) | TOTAL UNITS | PERCENT OF UNITS |
|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Greater Center City | 5,827 | 46% |
| Lower North Philadelphia | 2,912 | 23% |
| Bridesburg/Kensington/Richmond | 1,170 | 9% |
| University City | 955 | 8% |
| Roxborough/Manayunk | 495 | 4% |
| South Philadelphia | 453 | 4% |
| Southwest Philadelphia | 321 | 3% |
| Germantown/Chestnut Hill | 253 | 2% |
| West Philadelphia | 147 | 1% |
| Far Northeast | 70 | 1% |
| Near Northeast | 31 | 0% |
| Olney/Oak Lane | 6 | 0% |
| TOTAL | 12,640 | 100% |

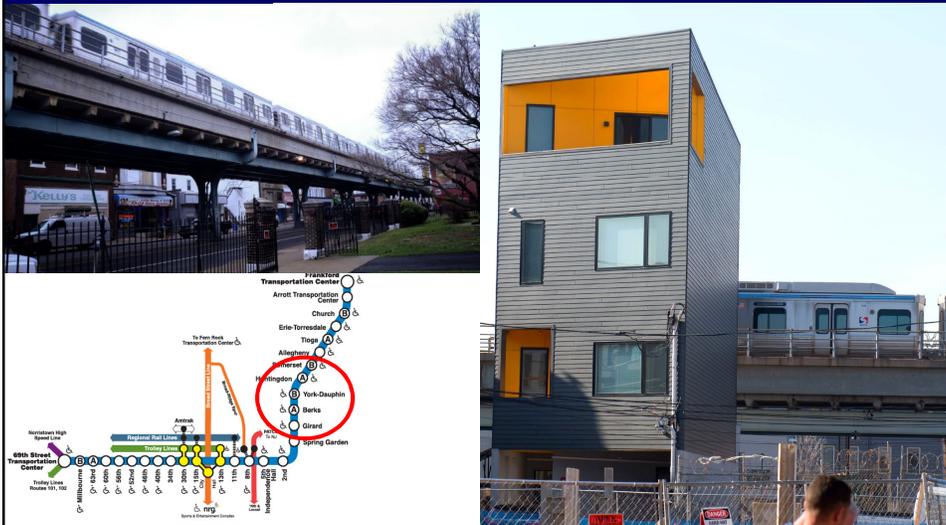
in 19123 & 19130



Source: Philadelphia Department of Licenses and Inspections



Since 2001: 78% increase in boarding on Market Frankford line in Fishtown & Kensington



While there is a lot attention focused on a handful of luxury condominiums in Center City



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Home sales of \$1 million or more
Just 1% of 158,863 citywide transactions from 2010-2018
78% of houses sold last year priced under \$250,000

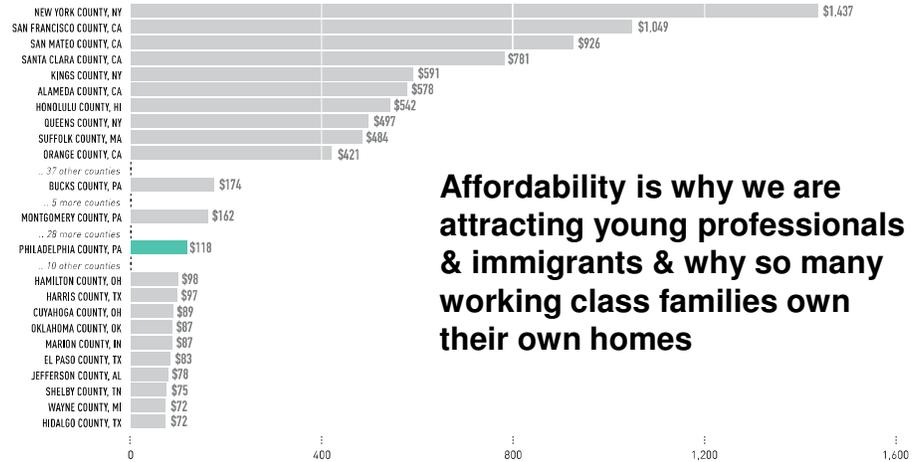


Of 91 global metro regions Philadelphia = 15th most affordable
Much less expensive than Washington, Boston, New York or San Francisco



On national scale, less expensive than 79 of 100 counties

FIGURE 19: MEDIAN HOUSE VALUE PER SQUARE FOOT OF 100 MOST POPULOUS COUNTIES, 2018 (ABRIDGED)



Affordability is why we are attracting young professionals & immigrants & why so many working class families own their own homes



Are supply and demand in balance?

- **10,000 net new households since 2010 (ACS) (mirroring job growth)**
- **14,500 new units since 2010 (not counting deteriorated or obsolete units that may have been withdrawn from market or demolished to make way for new units)**
- **Maximum 4,500 unit surplus out of 100,000 housing units in Greater Center City = 4.5% max surplus**



Rent growth slowed, flattened or edged downward Free rent being offered in all new buildings

Demand remains strong

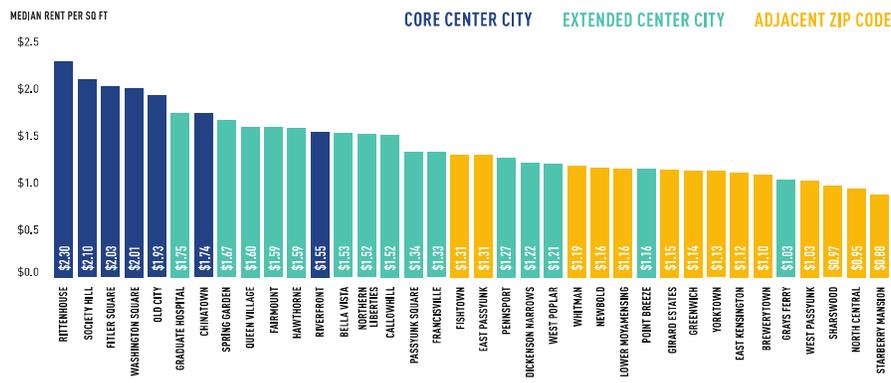
FIGURE 10: RENT PER SQUARE FOOT, 2011-2018



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Highest rents remain in the core

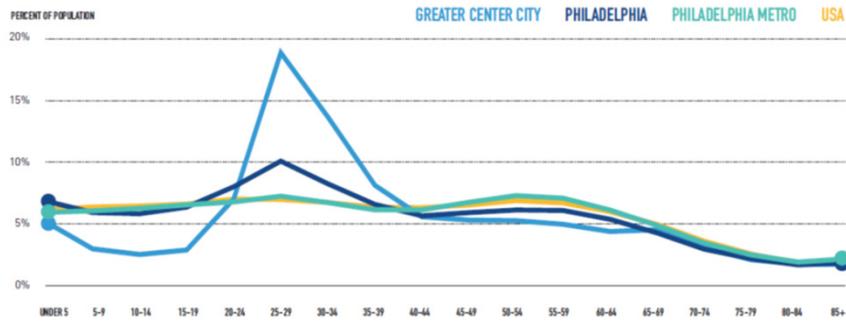
FIGURE 11: RENT PER SQUARE FOOT BY NEIGHBORHOOD – GREATER CENTER CITY AND ADJACENT NEIGHBORHOODS (ZILLOW)



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**One caution flag: Millennials are not forever
There are less 17 year olds than 27 year olds
Expanding job growth will be key**

COMPARATIVE AGE DISTRIBUTION



Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2013 - 2017

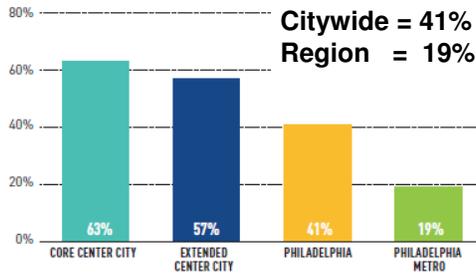


**Residential density increased in Core to 60 persons/acre
Compared to 39/acre PHL; 15/acre in suburbs
Center City = 4 x suburban population density**



**Density = 63% of residents in core; 57% in extended
Get to work without a car; 39% in core walk to work**

PERCENT COMMUTING WITHOUT A CAR



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Density drives demand for retail: new supermarkets



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DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Return of corner stores in surrounding neighborhoods



Revived retail corridors: Fairmount & Queen Village



Passyunk Avenue & South Street West

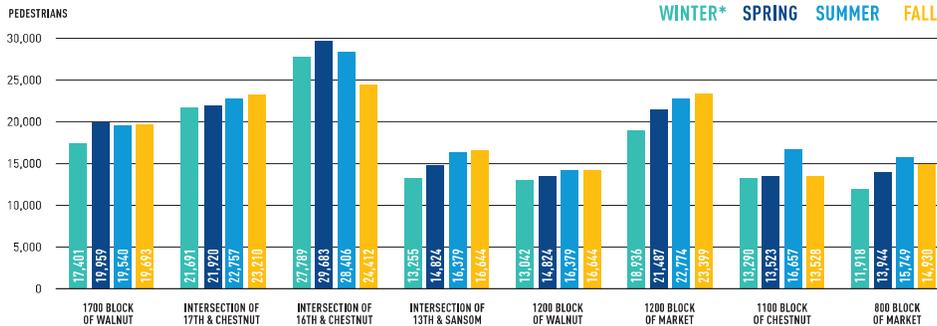


Frankford Avenue in Fishtown



Surging pedestrian volumes in the retail core: Market, Chestnut, & Walnut Streets

PEDESTRIAN VOLUMES ON PRIME RETAIL STREETS
HAVE INCREASED 30% TO 40% SINCE THE CITY'S
ECONOMY HAS COME OUT OF RECESSION



Source: MotionLab Pedestrian Counts, Center City District
*Note: Winter includes December 2017, January 2018 and February 2018



Workers + residents + visitors = >\$1 billion in retail demand concentrated downtown



RETAIL DEMAND FOR SHOPPERS' GOODS, 2018

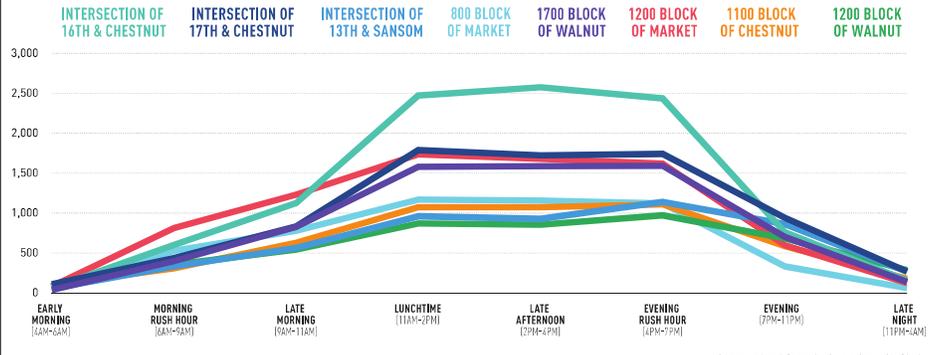
| JOB MARKET | CORE CENTER CITY | GREATER CENTER CITY |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|
| Office Workers | 146,400 | 158,300 |
| Other Workers | 114,600 | 147,200 |
| Total Workers | 260,400 | 305,500 |
| RESIDENTIAL POPULATION MARKET | | |
| Owner Occupied Housing | 24,075 | 84,832 |
| Renter Occupied Housing | 39,122 | 102,102 |
| Population in other living arrangements | 3,575 | 6,254 |
| Population (2018) | 66,773 | 193,187 |
| VISITOR MARKET | | |
| Hotel Rooms | | 12,283 |
| Overnight Visitors | | 3,530,000 |
| DOLLARS OF DEMAND FOR SHOPPERS' GOODS | | |
| Office Workers | \$155,769,600 | \$168,431,200 |
| Other Workers | \$60,306,000 | \$77,868,800 |
| Residents | \$128,204,160 | \$370,919,040 |
| Overnight Visitors | \$473,020,000 | \$473,020,000 |
| TOTAL | \$817,299,760 | \$1,090,239,040 |

*Dollars of demand for each market segment are CCD calculations based on retail industry standards.
U.S. Census Bureau, Local-Employment Household Dynamics;
Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics;
U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2010-2017, CCD: Population Estimates;
Philadelphia Convention & Visitors Bureau



Multiple sources of demand mean that ped volumes rise at lunchtime & are sustained well into the evening hours

AVERAGE HOURLY PEDESTRIAN ACTIVITY BY TIME OF DAY, 2018



Source: MotionLeft Pedestrian Counts, Center City District



Density supports a thriving retail scene 743 local proprietors; 243 national chains



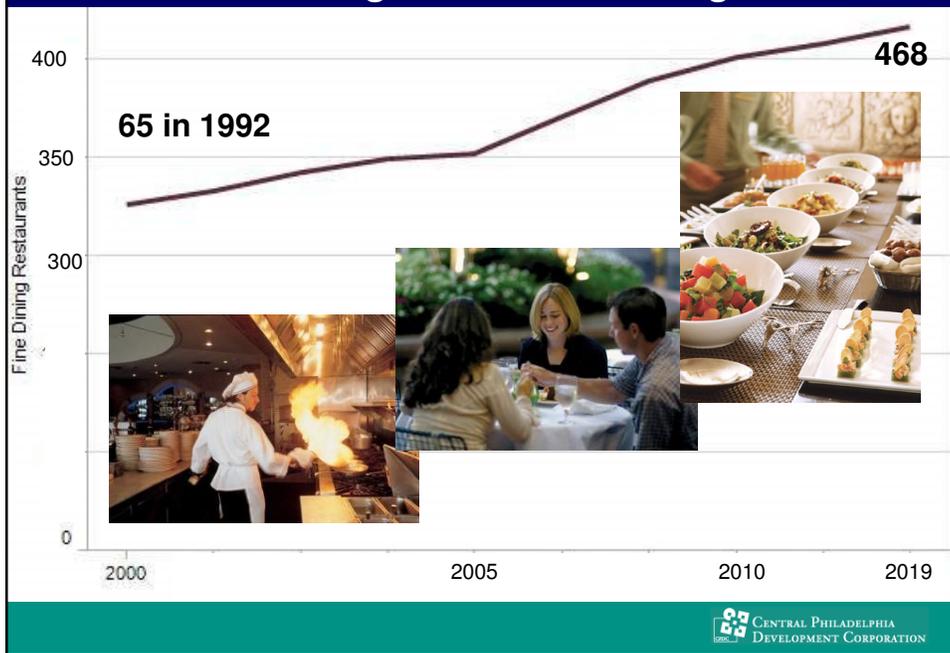
CENTER CITY RETAILER TYPE, 2018

743 | BOUTIQUE/
INDEPENDENT/LOCAL
RETAILERS

243 | NATIONAL RETAILERS



Continuous growth in fine dining restaurants



468 full-service restaurants



Largest retail promotion: 2 x year: Restaurant Week

CENTER CITY DISTRICT RESTAURANT WEEK



Alcohol & gratuity not included. Lunch or dinner only.

EFFEN
VODKA

JIM BEAM
BLACK

SEPTEMBER 23 - OCTOBER 5

— 3 COURSES | \$20 LUNCH* | \$35 DINNER* —
#CCDRW | @PHILARESTWEEK

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DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION**

Flourishing of sidewalk cafes



INTRODUCTION

Sidewalk seating contributes to the vitality of Center City as it attracts, increases the number of customers a business can serve and encourages pedestrian traffic. So long as sidewalks along the line between retail and outdoor seating are designed with customers in mind, businesses, owners, and public agencies can create additional opportunities for public enjoyment and address concerns on the street that improve public safety.

Sidewalk seating is provided not only by cafes and restaurants, but also by bars, breweries, and other businesses. Center City's public agencies and planning organizations have been adding outdoor seating in the last decade, and new developments are being designed with outdoor seating in mind. Sidewalk and public space are becoming more vibrant, rather than just places to pass through.

GROWTH

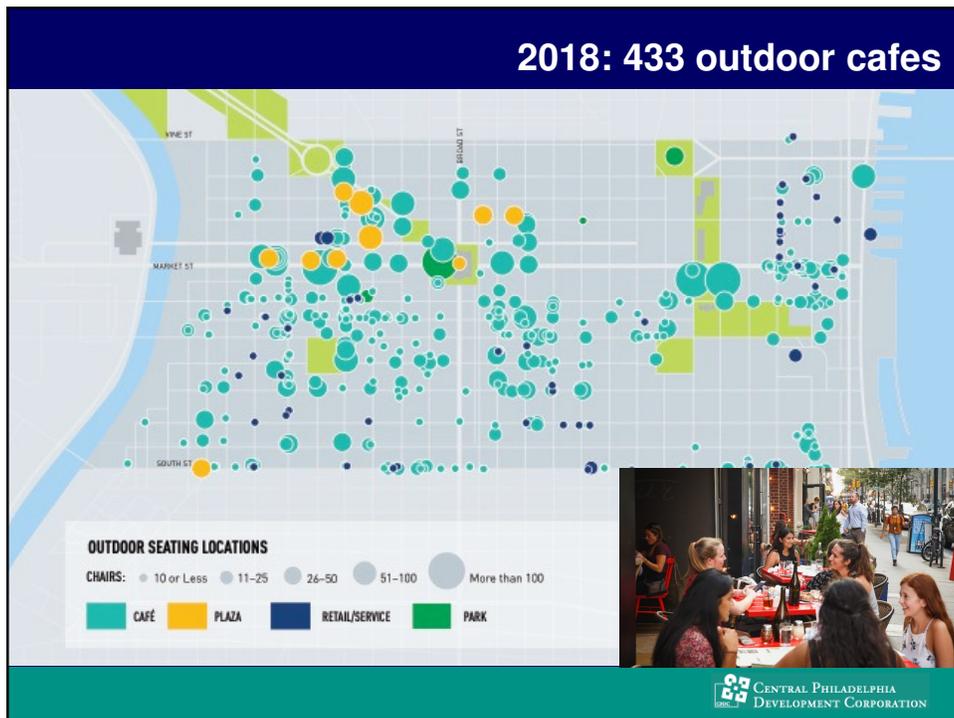
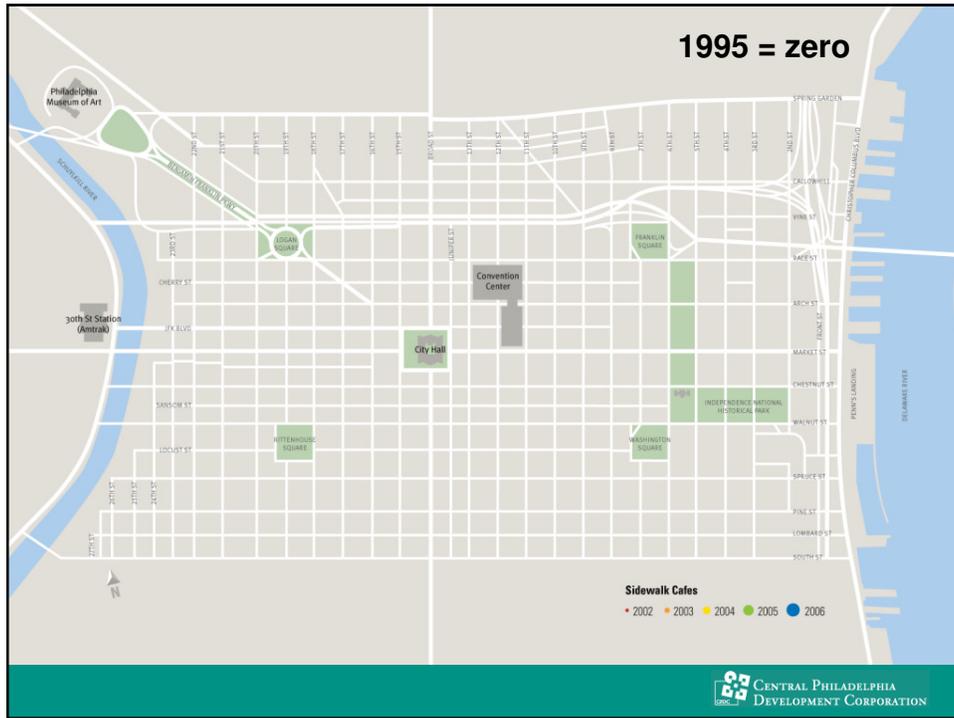
Outdoor seating was authorized by a 1995 ordinance and by Mayor Michael R. Berman's Executive Order 10000 in 2002. The first sidewalk cafe opened in 2003 at the intersection of Market and Chestnut Streets. In 2018, there were 622 outdoor seating locations in Center City, up from 483 in 2017. The number of outdoor seating locations in Center City has grown by 10% since 2017. There are now 622 outdoor seating locations in Center City, up from 483 in 2017. The number of outdoor seating locations in Center City has grown by 10% since 2017. There are now 622 outdoor seating locations in Center City, up from 483 in 2017.

The Center City District began tracking sidewalk seating in 2011. Reporting and analysis during our annual reports. In 2012, the first category was expanded to include outdoor seating associated with a specific business, but rather than a park, office building, or collection of businesses. Large office buildings, like the Comcast Center and Comcast Center Square, have created outdoor seating areas for their tenants as an amenity for their employees, but available to the public. The CDC's survey of outdoor seating now includes cafe, outdoor cafe, non-food retailers, sports, entertainment, and parks and recreation. In 2018, the CDC's survey of outdoor seating now includes cafe, outdoor cafe, non-food retailers, sports, entertainment, and parks and recreation. In 2018, the CDC's survey of outdoor seating now includes cafe, outdoor cafe, non-food retailers, sports, entertainment, and parks and recreation.

In 2017, there were 622 outdoor seating locations in Center City, up from 483 in 2016. The number of outdoor seating locations in Center City has grown by 10% since 2017. There are now 622 outdoor seating locations in Center City, up from 483 in 2017.

PHOTO COURTESY OF THE CENTER CITY DISTRICT

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**Promote after work amenities
Bars & outdoor cafes: SIPs**



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Multiple mixed-use projects on Market East



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**Changing the retail landscape: September 2019
PREIT's Fashion District will open**



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**The challenge:
Growth in Center City & University City isn't broad enough
to replace all the lost jobs from the manufacturing age**



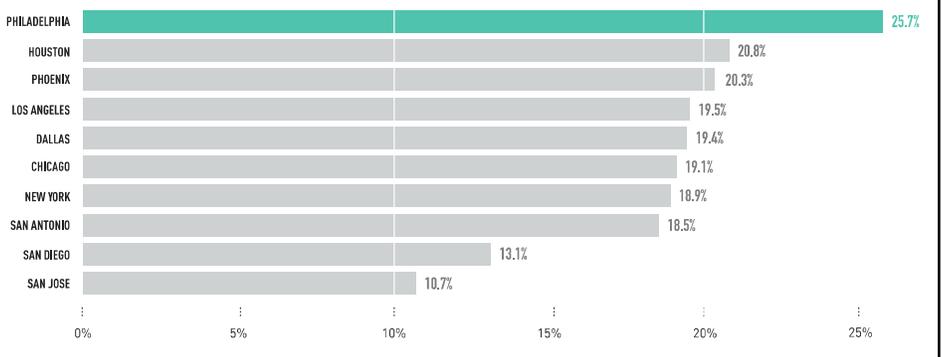
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DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

**There is wealth of good news & business opportunity
But pull the camera back.....**

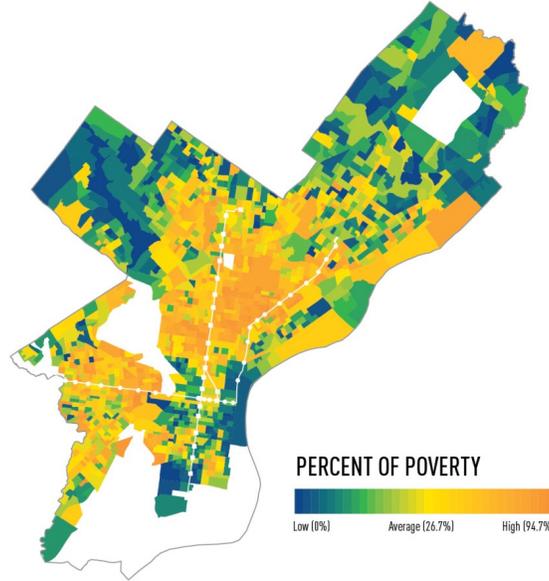


**Bad news:
Highest poverty rate of 10 largest cities: 25.7%**

POVERTY RATES AMONG THE TOP 10 LARGEST US CITIES



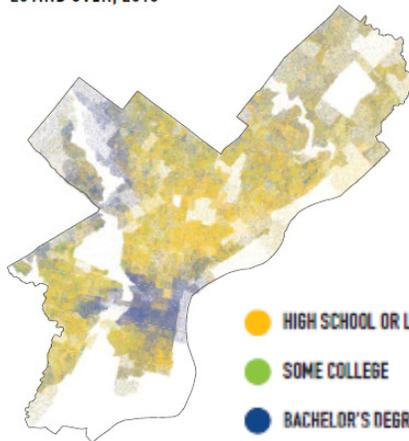
Huge income disparities in the city: **poverty**



CPDC CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
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Disparities in education levels

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, POPULATION
25 AND OVER, 2016



Source:

61% 

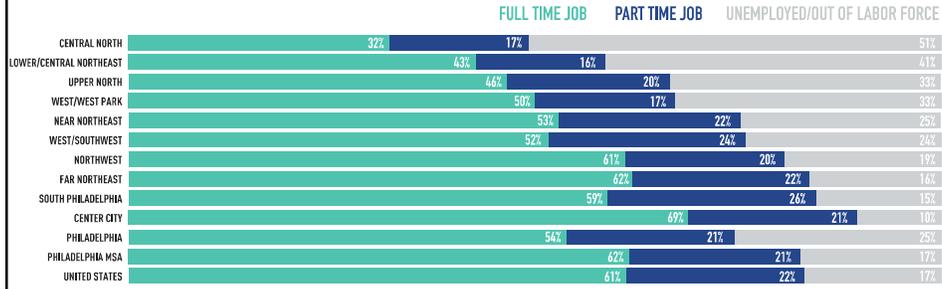
OF GREATER CENTER CITY RESIDENTS HAVE A BACHELOR'S DEGREE OR HIGHER, A POWERFUL ATTRACTOR FOR BUSINESSES SEEKING TALENT, BUT A MARKED CONTRAST WITH SURROUNDING NEIGHBORHOODS

26% Citywide with BA
Many not completing HS

CPDC CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Disparities in labor participation rates: While 90% Center City's adults are engaged in the workforce Drops to 49% in North Philadelphia & 59% in Lower Northeast

LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION - PRIME WORKING AGE EMPLOYMENT (25-54)



Major challenges in housing affordability that stem from low incomes not high costs 223,000 cost-burdened households making less than \$50,000/year Paying more than 30% of income on housing

FIGURE 21: COST BURDEN AT VARYING HOUSEHOLD INCOME LEVELS

| | TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS | % COST BURDENED | OWNER OCCUPIED HOUSEHOLDS | % COST BURDENED | RENTER OCCUPIED HOUSEHOLDS | % COST BURDENED |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| All Households w/ Income* | 542,192 | 40% | 292,079 | 28% | 250,113 | 53% |
| Less than \$20,000: | 127,467 | 83% | 49,276 | 74% | 78,191 | 88% |
| \$20,000 to \$34,999: | 95,517 | 65% | 46,062 | 47% | 49,455 | 82% |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999: | 70,587 | 38% | 36,525 | 28% | 34,062 | 48% |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999: | 91,040 | 17% | 52,631 | 18% | 38,409 | 15% |
| \$75,000 or more: | 157,581 | 4% | 107,585 | 4% | 49,996 | 3% |

*Does not include another 27,490 households who report no income at all.

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1 Year Estimates



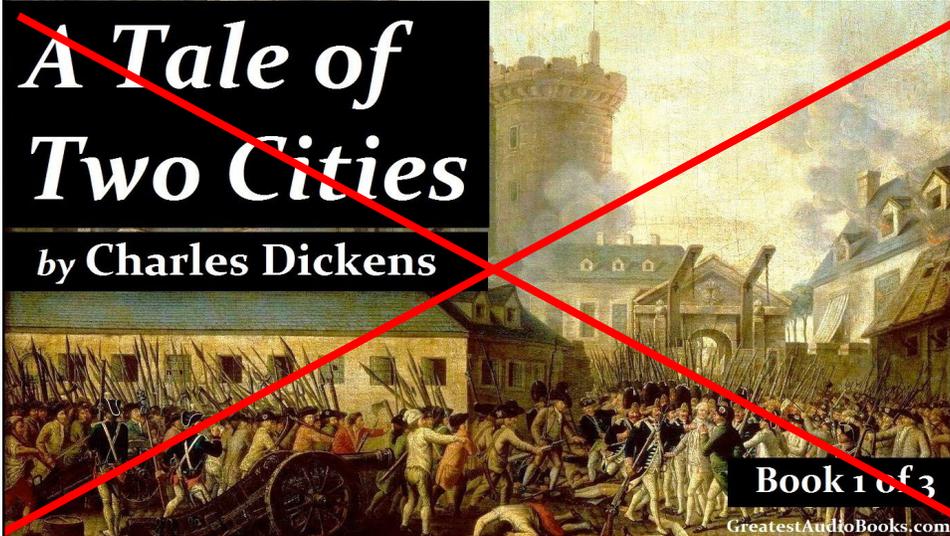
**These disparities strongly impact public policy thinking
Produce local legislation that impacts the marketplace**



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**But we should reject the analogy of *two cities*
Because it leads to misguided legislative cures
*We need to construct a new narrative***

~~***A Tale of
Two Cities***
by Charles Dickens~~

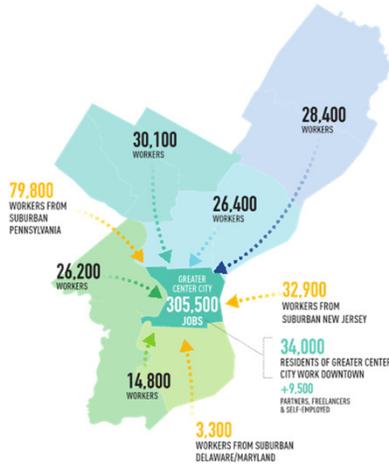


Book 1 of 3

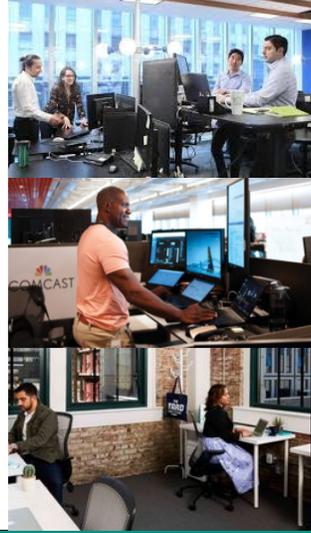
GreatestAudioBooks.com

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Recall that 2/3 of jobs in Center City Don't require a college degree; accessible by SEPTA



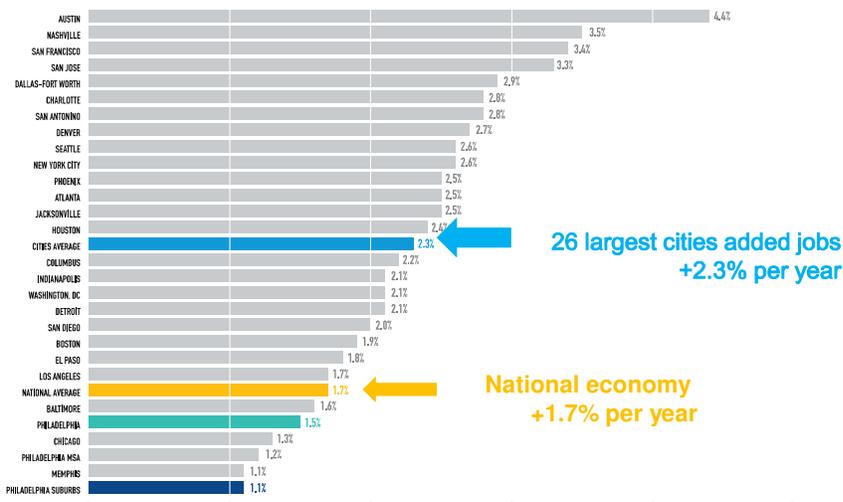
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Local Employment-Household Dynamics 2015, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics 2016, CDD's estimates



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Nationally, since 2009 we've been living through an urban led economic recovery

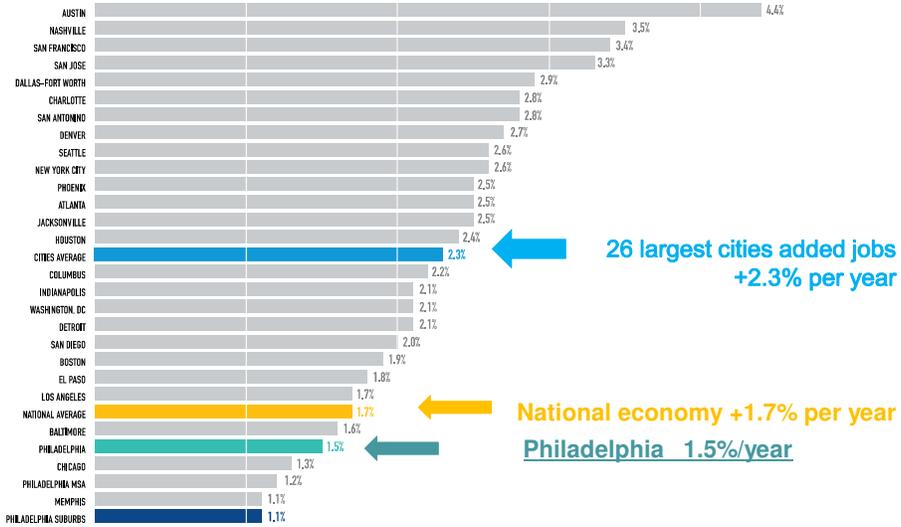
AVERAGE ANNUAL PERCENT CHANGE IN PRIVATE SECTOR JOBS, 2009-2018*



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Since 2009, Philadelphia averaged only 1.5%/year

AVERAGE ANNUAL PERCENT CHANGE IN PRIVATE SECTOR JOBS, 2009-2018*

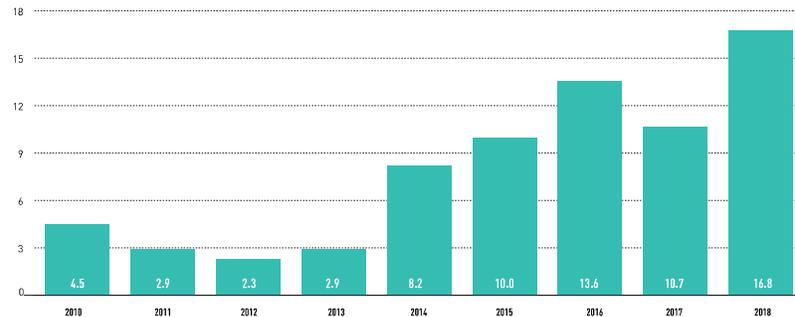


CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Last 3 years have been strong enough +2.1% To lift us above Memphis & Chicago; 24th out of 26

TOTAL JOB CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR 2010-2018*

CHANGES IN JOBS (THOUSANDS)



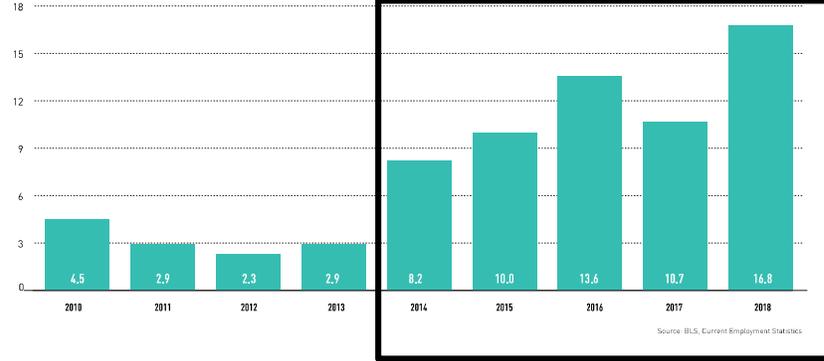
Source: BLS, Current Employment Statistics

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But this pattern of late cycle growth....

TOTAL JOB CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR 2010-2018*

CHANGES IN JOBS (THOUSANDS)



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Documented in June Cushman report on employment Over-achievers, Middle of Roaders & Late Bloomers

CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD
CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD RESEARCH

SPOTLIGHT ON U.S. EMPLOYMENT: A Tale of 35 MSAs
JUNE 2019

Executive Summary

While the U.S. economy has added jobs at a steady pace in what is seen to be the longest expansion in history, the growth in employment has not been evenly distributed. This report examines the performance of 35 metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) in terms of job growth, office need, growth and change in office property value.

Across the U.S. there have been hotspots—MSAs and metropolitan areas that have outperformed the national average in terms of job growth while others have been more average. The local office markets in these metros tend to reflect job growth, although there are variations based on local office market factors.

The “All Stars” and “Overachievers”—defined below—are likely to remain the best performers. For occupiers there may be some opportunities in metros that have been more average in terms of job growth, but have the labor force characteristics that make them attractive to great occupiers.

Introduction

Jobs are the lifeblood of commercial real estate. When employment rises, so does demand for office space. This is best illustrated by comparing the change in office-using employment with office space absorption. Since 2007 the correlation between job growth and space absorption has been strong: whenever employment has declined, absorption has been negative. U.S. nonfarm payrolls have increased every month since September 2010. Subsequently, the U.S. has added jobs for 103 consecutive months—8.5 years—the longest sustained period of job growth in the post-WW II period. This is an exceptional record. The previous record for consecutive months of job growth was 48 months in the 1980s.

Office-using Job Growth and Net Absorption

But the job growth has not been evenly distributed. We analyzed job growth in the current economic expansion in 35 MSAs which together account for 48.3% of total employment in the U.S. All of these MSAs have a population of at least 1.0 million people. They have seen employment increase, on average, 38.2% in the nine years from 2008 to 2018. Within the set of MSAs employment growth has ranged from a high of 58.7% to a low of 7.0%. The median increase is 21.2%. Both the average and median outpace the 18.2% increase for the entire United States. Such results support the argument that this expansion has been characterized by a revival of urban cores throughout the nation.

Overachievers: These MSAs, while not “all stars,” are outperforming the U.S. as a whole. Employment growth from 2008 to 2018 ranged between 38.2% and 52.3%, in these metrics, all well above the national average.

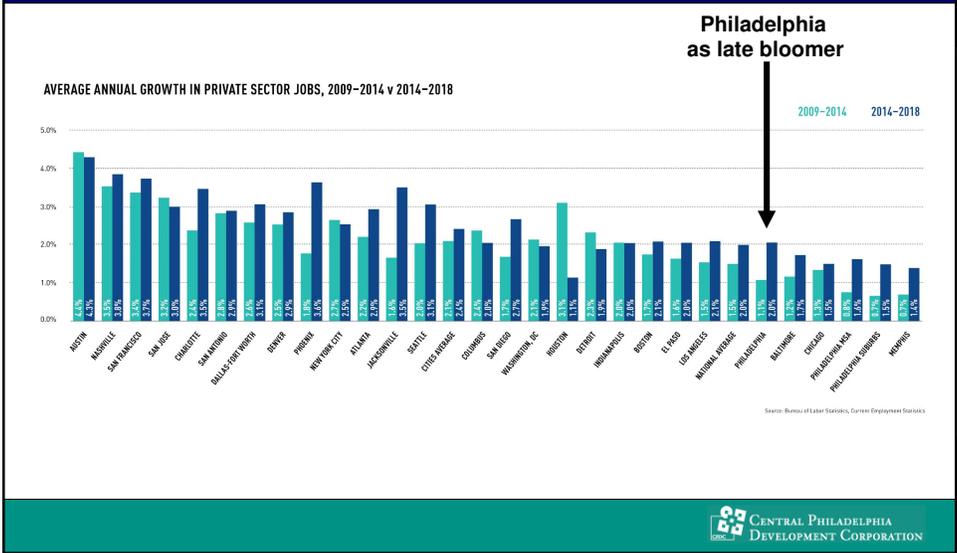
| MSA | COMPOSITE RANK 2008-2018 LOWER IS BETTER | ADJIC. BENT CHANGE 2008-2018 | TOTAL ABSORPTION (SF) 2010-2018 | PROPERTY VALUE CHANGE CAGR 2008-2018 |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Nashville | 10.5 | 21.7% | 234,090 | 6.8% |
| Phoenix | 10.5 | 43.7% | 16,470,050 | 4.7% |
| Denver | 11.0 | 32.3% | 14,306,636 | 8.7% |
| Atlanta | 11.5 | 21.7% | 11,584,071 | 5.2% |
| Houston | 12.0 | 22.7% | 128,433 | 13.7% |
| San Jose | 12.0 | 65.8% | 27,642,423 | 12.6% |
| Miami | 13.5 | 26.4% | 5,800,437 | 2.8% |
| Charlotte | 14.0 | 30.7% | 13,614,430 | 3.2% |
| Seattle | 16.5 | 26.7% | 21,872,739 | 6.2% |
| Los Angeles | 16.5 | 22.8% | 12,73,336.4 | 12% |
| San Antonio | 16.5 | 21.6% | 2,568,775 | -1.6% |

Late Bloomers. Some MSAs experienced relatively modest job growth early in the expansion, only to see that growth accelerate as the economy continued to expand. To capture this upshift in employment growth we looked at the change in employment in each of these MSAs in the first five years of the expansion compared to the most-recent four years. For each metro, growth in the last four years has far outperformed that in the first five years of the expansion. On average, the acceleration has been about 140 basis points (bps) per year. In every MSA except Tampa, growth more than doubled.

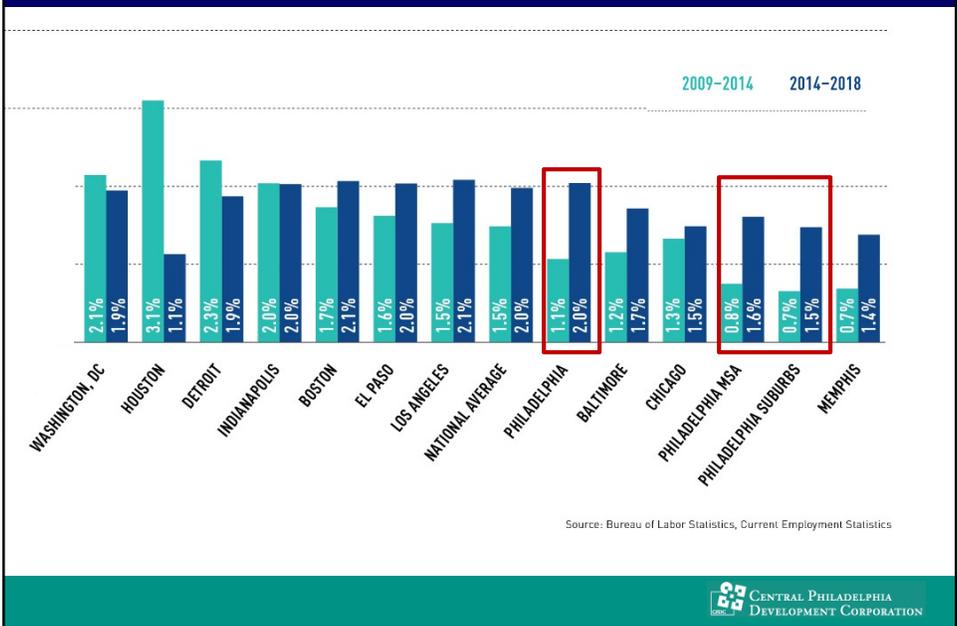
| MSA | COMPOSITE RANK 2008-2014 LOWER IS BETTER | COMPOSITE RANK 2014-2018 LOWER IS BETTER | TOTAL RANK | ADJIC. BENT CHANGE 2008-2018 | TOTAL ABSORPTION (SF) 2007-2018 | PROPERTY VALUE CHANGE CAGR 2008-2018 |
|--------------|--|--|------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Las Vegas | 30.5 | 14.5 | 22.0 | -17.8% | 3,838,730 | -1.3% |
| Tampa | 23.5 | 15.5 | 22.5 | 11.7% | 5,891,441 | 4.5% |
| Jacksonville | 31.5 | 19.5 | 26.0 | 3.2% | 2,932,345 | 5.4% |
| Oakland | 29.5 | 24.0 | 26.5 | 48.5% | 9,034,206 | 4.0% |
| Philadelphia | 33.0 | 24.7 | 29.3 | 16.2% | 2,767,220 | 9.0% |
| Memphis | 41.5 | 39.0 | 41.0 | 7.5% | 1,505,564 | -4.0% |

CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Report focused on MSA's; we've isolated just cities Compared job growth 2009-2014; 2014-2018

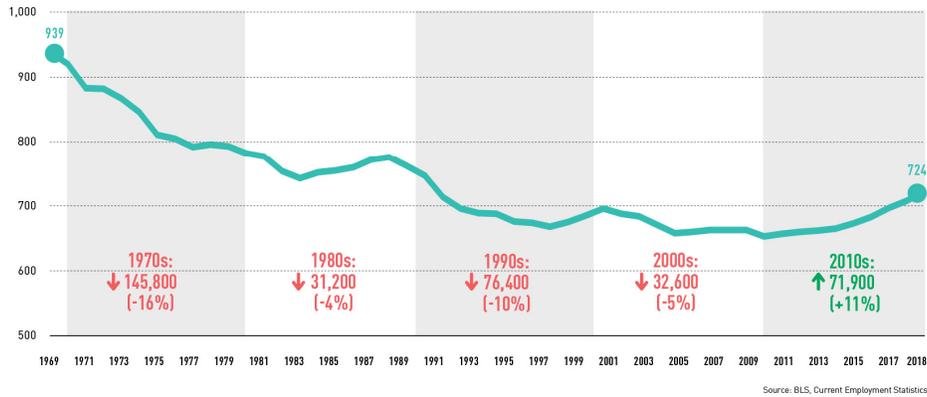


Problem #1: Philadelphia as late bloomer



Problem #2: Digging out of really deep hole 23% below 1970 job levels; 22,300 jobs below 1990

PHILADELPHIA TOTAL JOBS 1969-2018*

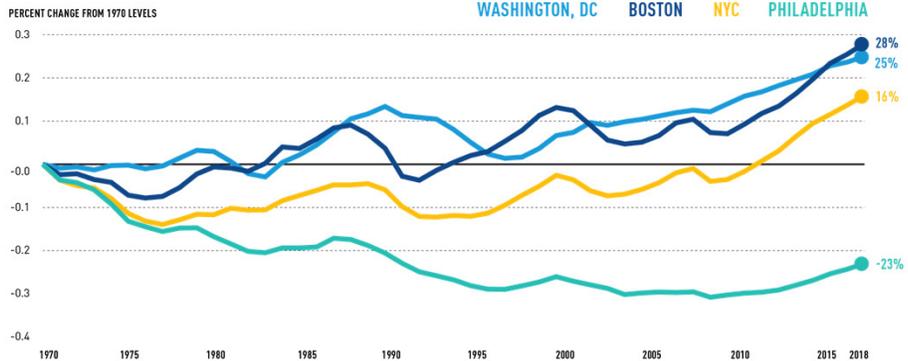


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Boston & NYC also lost 85-90% of 1970 manufacturing jobs Boston up +28% & New York +16% above their 1970 job levels

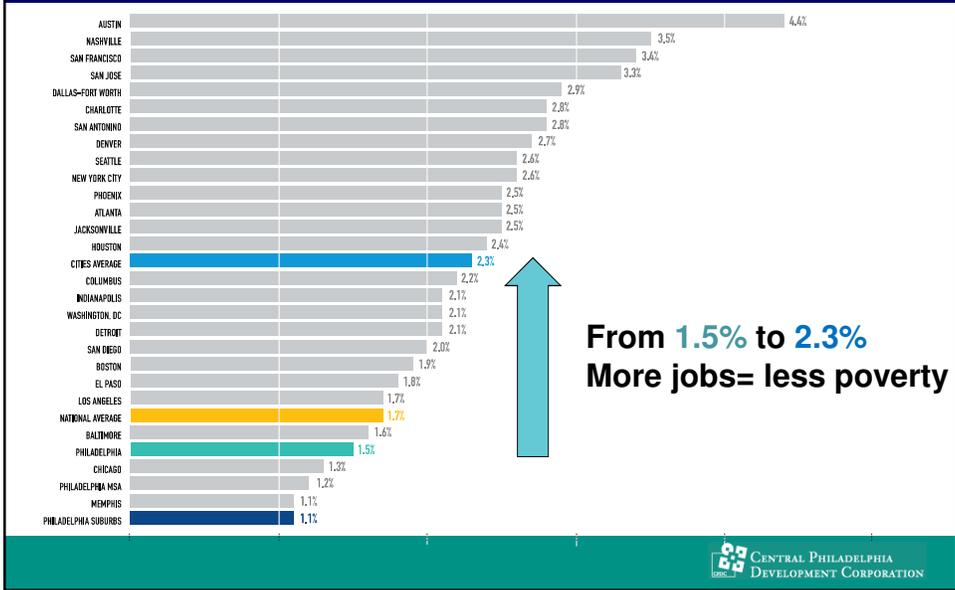
Philadelphia is down 23%

PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN JOBS FROM 1970



CENTRAL PHILADELPHIA
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Tale of one city that has not grown fast enough We need to equal & sustain rate for 26 largest cities



What needs to be done?



#1: Education & job training to prepare workforce
We can debate funding source, but not the need



Elevate high-school & college graduate rates
Invest in job training



**#2: Need our elected leaders to understand
 “Equitable growth” is not just about redistribution
 It’s about creating a tax & regulatory environment
 that encourages job growth**



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**Proposals at national level to raise marginal tax rates
 To fund health care, education & housing
 You can agree or disagree**

Tax rates: 1913-2019

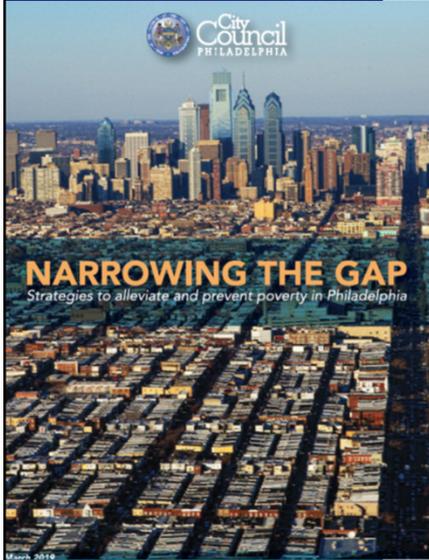


Note: This table contains a number of simplifications and ignores a number of factors, such as a maximum tax on earned income of 50 percent when the top rate was 70 percent and the current increase in rates due to income-related reductions in value of itemized deductions. Perhaps most importantly, it ignores the large increase in percentage of returns that were subject to this top rate.

Source: Eugene Steuerle, The Urban Institute; Joseph Pechman, Federal Tax Policy Joint Committee on Taxation, Summary of Conference Agreement on the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003, JCR 54-03, May 22, 2003; IRS Revenue Procedures, various years.

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In absence of federal action, this has led to city legislation that seeks to carry out redistribution at the local level



HOUSING

Preserve Housing Affordability and Protect Existing Homeowners

- Create a dynamic linkage fee to provide resources for affordable housing..... 3
- Require preservation or creation of affordable housing for tax incentive recipients..... 4
- Require that housing built on public land contain affordable units..... 5
- Fully leverage the benefits of the new Federal Qualified Opportunity Zones Program... 6
- Partner with health care institutions to support affordable housing investments..... 7
- Expand existing housing preservation and homeowner relief programs 8

Ensure Fair Housing for All

- Increase tenant access to affordable counsel in housing court..... 9
- Create a data collection and advanced notification framework for rentals and evictions. 10
- Explore opportunities to support relocation assistance for displaced tenants..... 11
- Pass fair chance housing legislation..... 12
- Provide resources to improve rental units in exchange for rent stabilization 13

JOB AND EDUCATION

Closing the Skills Gap

- Bolster support for the School District of Philadelphia..... 14
- Increase support for micro-enterprise development & grassroots entrepreneurship..... 15
- Partner with building trades to provide job training for returning citizens..... 16
- Sponsor programs to support living and training entry-level workers..... 17
- Provide resources to support vocational and middle-college programs..... 18
- Provide resources for short-term credentialing programs..... 19
- Partner with universities to provide career coaching in every neighborhood..... 20

Fair Wages for Workers

- Enact "Living Wage Philadelphia," a dynamic, voluntary wage certification program. 21
- Implement a \$15/hour wage for City contract workers..... 22

Enforce Protections for Workers

- Require surety bonds and/or wage liens for unpaid wages..... 23
- Enhance outreach about worker protection and fair hiring laws..... 24

SOCIAL SAFETY NET

Maximize Enrollment in Benefits Programs

- Share benefits enrollment data for cross-enrollment..... 25
- Maximize benefits utilization through schools, community hubs, and correctional facilities... 26
- Cross-promote existing City initiatives through unifying marketing resources..... 27

Support Financial Fairness and Empowerment

- Make one-on-one financial counseling a right for all Philadelphians..... 28
- Eliminate punitive supervision fees..... 29

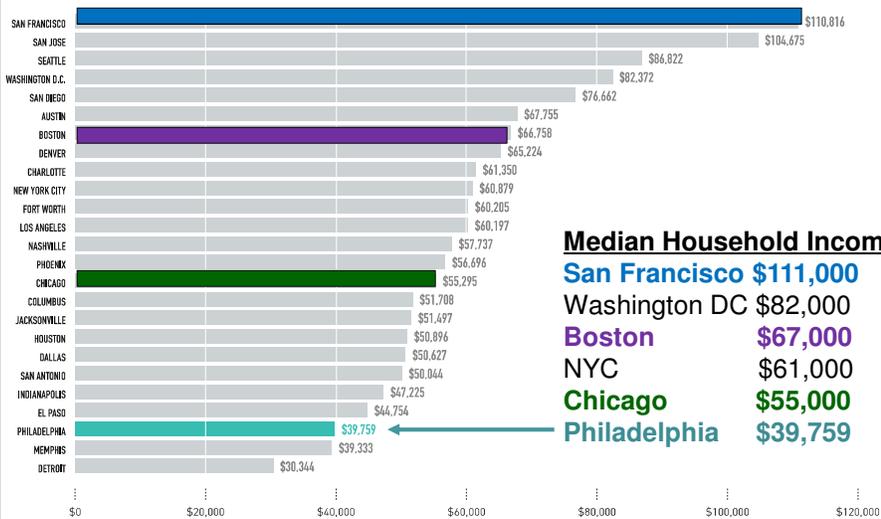
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We have limited wealth to redistribute locally

MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME AMONG THE TOP 25 LARGEST US CITIES



Median Household Income

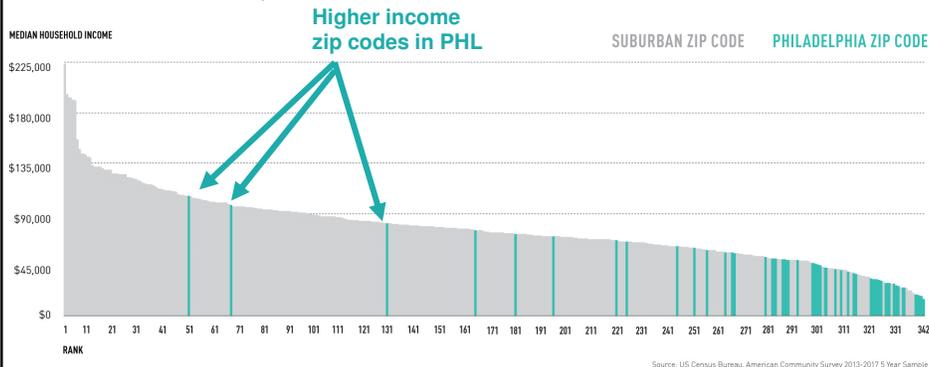
- San Francisco \$111,000**
- Washington DC \$82,000**
- Boston \$67,000**
- NYC \$61,000**
- Chicago \$55,000**
- Philadelphia \$39,759**



Despite a **small handful of neighborhoods**, wealth is **NOT** concentrated in the city

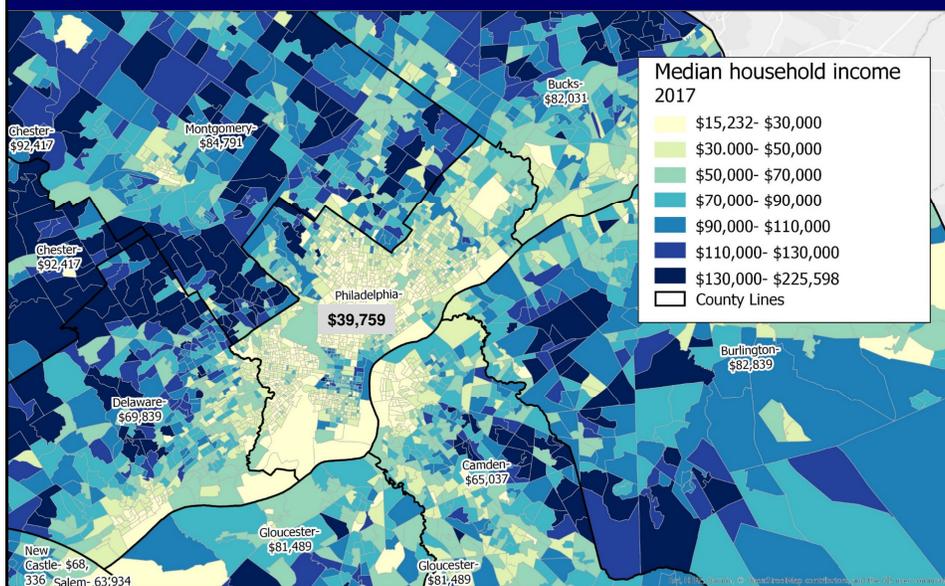
PHL's wealthiest Zipcode = 51st in region
Only 3 in top 150 out of 342 zips

MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY ZIP CODE, PHILADELPHIA METROPOLITAN AREA



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Wealth is concentrated in the suburbs



#3: City-wide Alliance for Growth

Raise incomes, reduce unemployment & poverty
By growing jobs: expand the pie - not just re-slice it

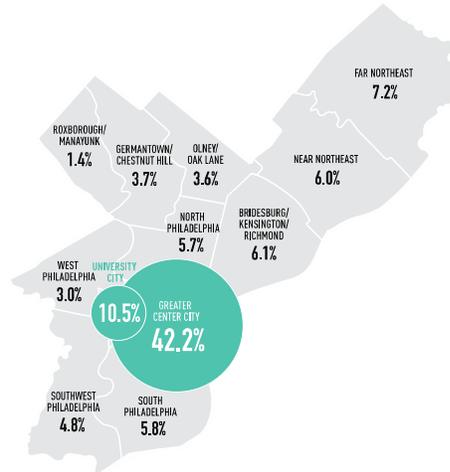
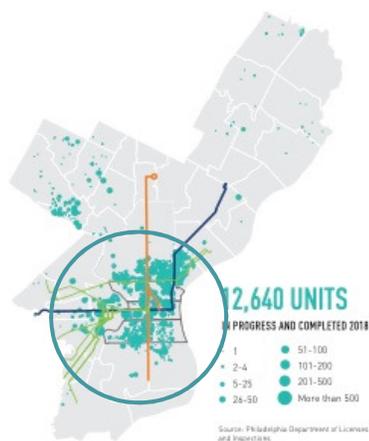


81% of new housing built in just 17% of city's geography

Clustered around centers of job growth; transit connectively

HOUSING UNITS IN PROGRESS AND COMPLETED 2018

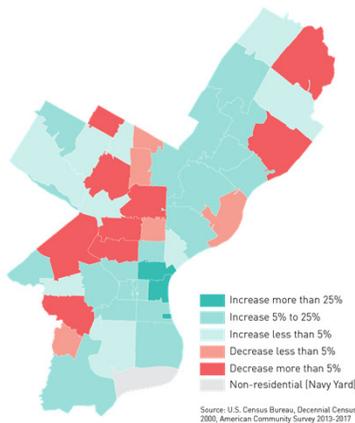
PHILADELPHIA EMPLOYMENT BY AREA



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Local Employment-Household Dynamics, 2015

But in 14 (30%) of zip codes, Philadelphia is still **losing population**

POPULATION CHANGE, 2000-2017



Despite success downtown, since 2010, 63,000 more residents of city neighborhoods left for homes in suburbs than moved from suburbs into city

Tide may be coming in young downtown
But in many areas old trends (1970s) persist

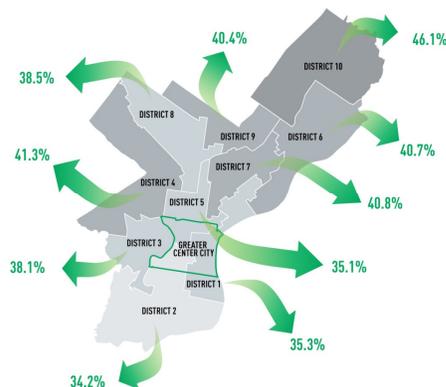
In both black & white neighborhoods outside downtown more individuals from households making over \$100,000/year are moving out of the city than moving in

81% of households that left Philadelphia 2010-2017 *do not have children*

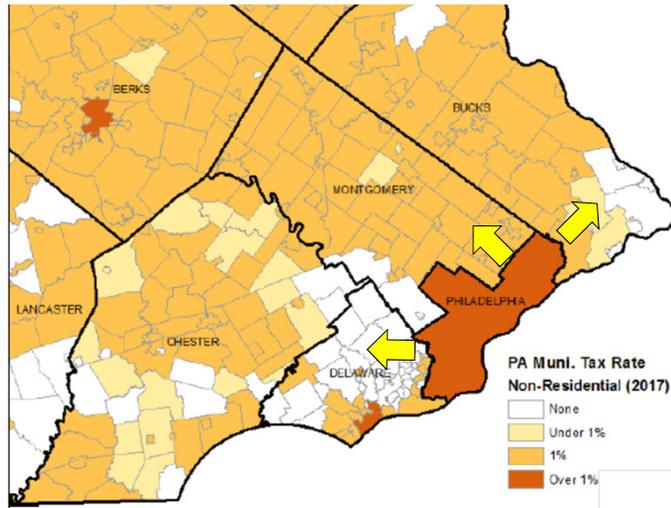


Likely explanation can be found 221,000 Philadelphia residents (40% of workforce) **Reverse commute to suburbs each day**

PERCENT COMMUTING TO JOBS OUTSIDE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, BY CITY COUNCIL DISTRICT



**Find a home near your suburban job & get a raise!
Philadelphia's 3.8% wage tax drops to 0% or 1%**

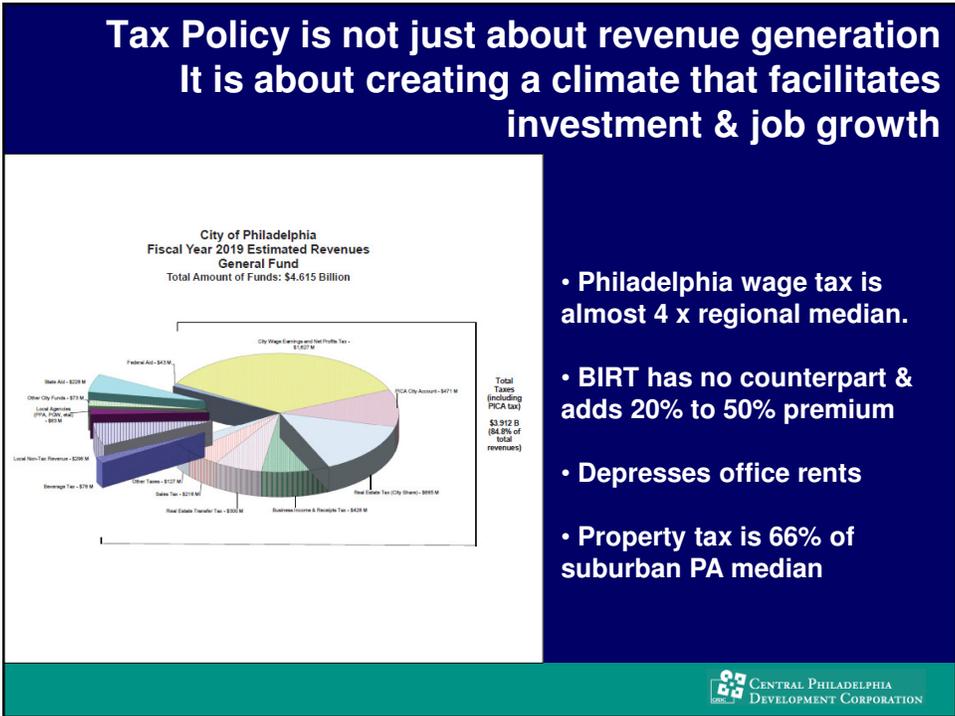
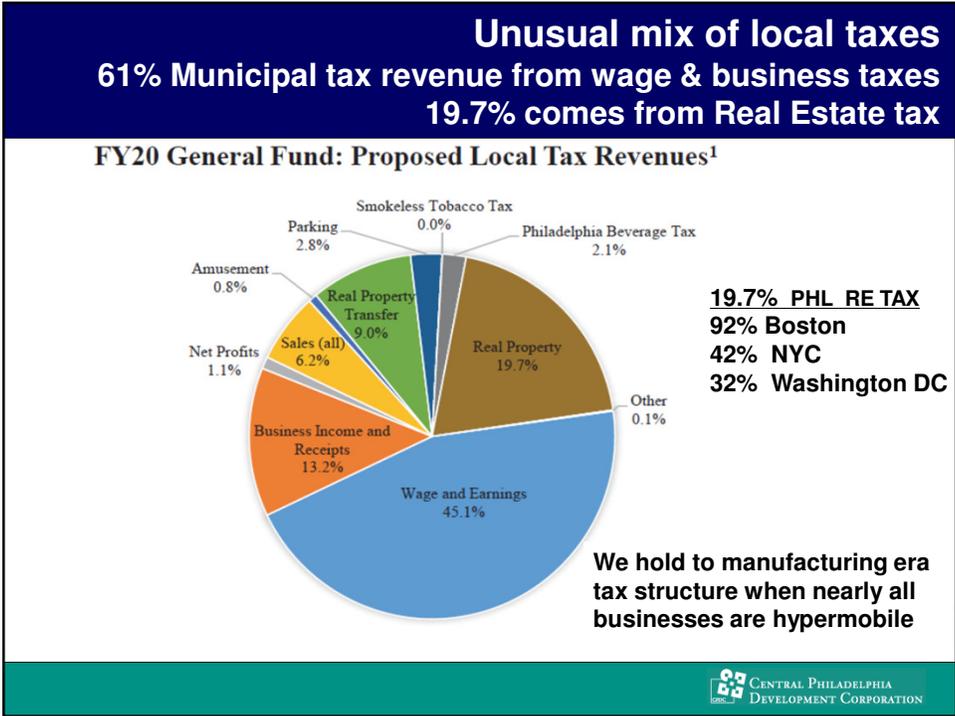


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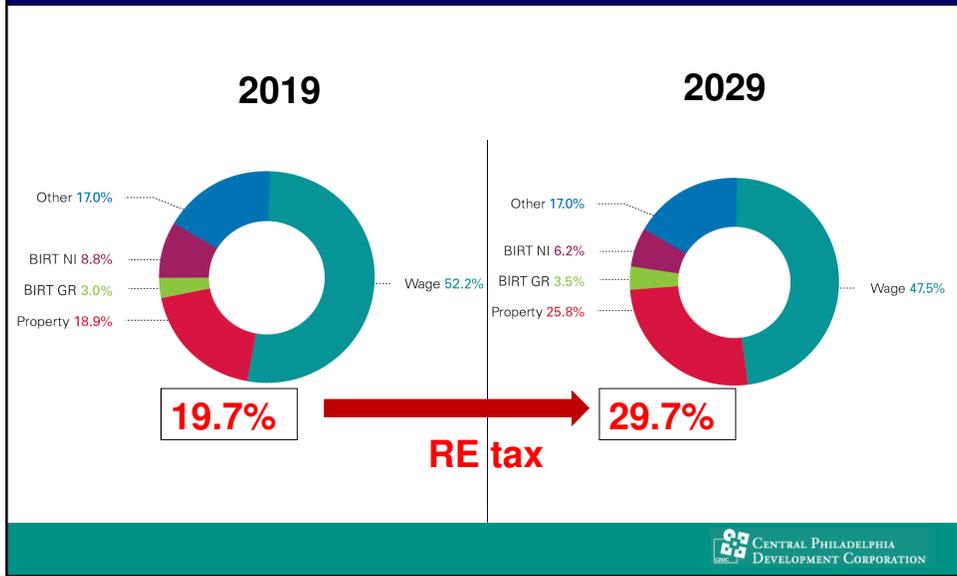
**This may be the most potent
tax incentive that Philadelphia offers**



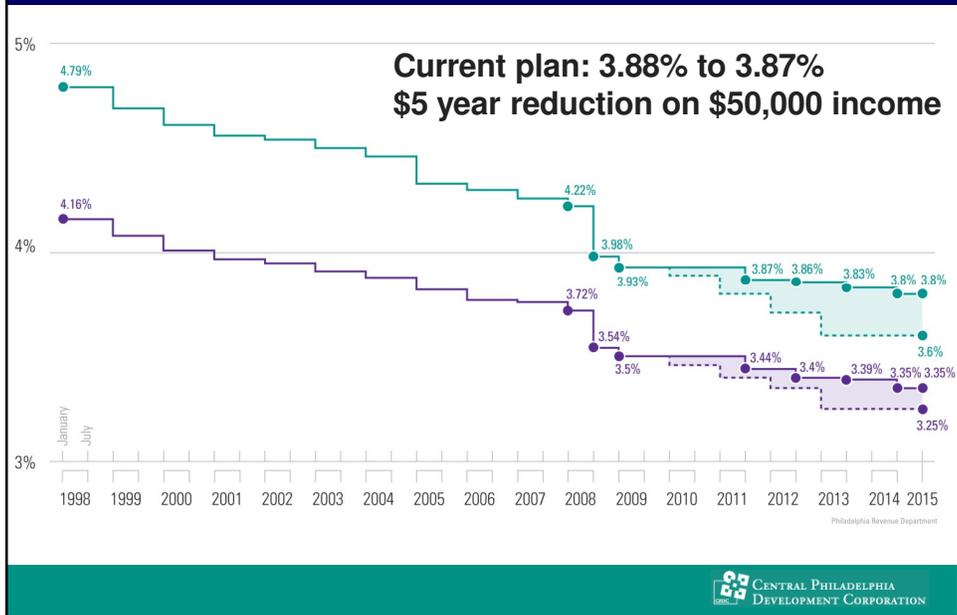
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**Both 2003 & 2009 Tax Commissions:
Shift burden from taxing what moves (wages & business revenues)
to taxing what is fixed & stable: *land & improvements***



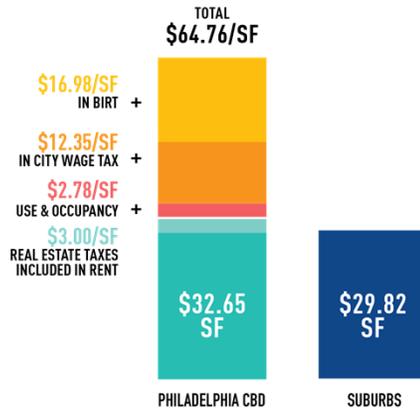
**After robust tax reduction from 1996-2008
Rate of reduction significantly slowed after Recession**



BIRT + U&O + wage tax puts damper of office rents Limiting all our competitive advantages

No reductions in BIRT; increases in U&O

CLASS A OFFICE COMPARISON

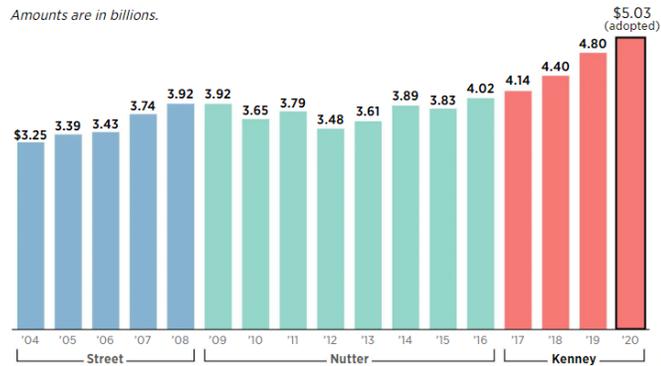


In this cycle of growth, Philadelphia spending nearly all the increased tax revenues that come in the door

Philadelphia's Fiscal 2020 Budget

The \$5.025 billion budget passed by Council Thursday represents a 25 percent increase in spending from Mayor Michael Nutter's last budget.

Amounts are in billions.

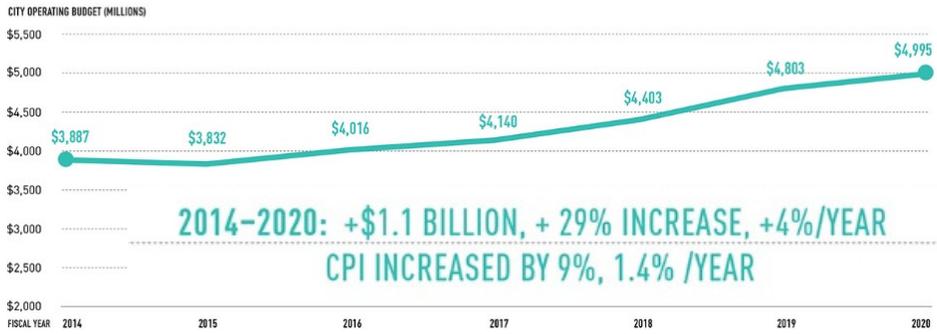


SOURCE: Office of the Director of Finance

JOHN DUCHNESKIE / Staff Artist

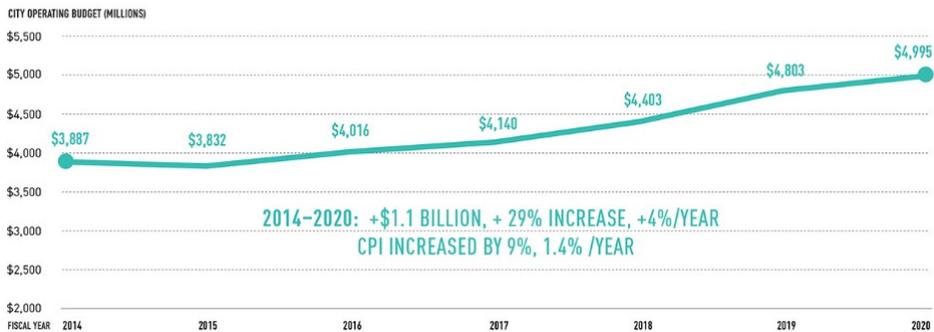
**City budget up by 29% since 2014 (4%/year; 1.4% cpi)
Additional expenditures for schools & pension liabilities**

TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET FY2014-FY2020

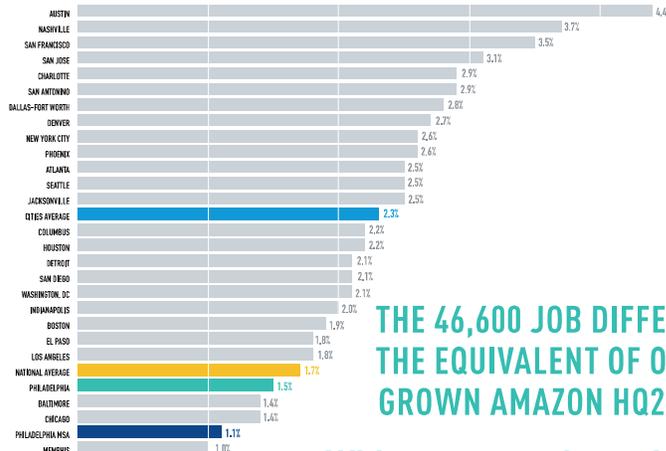


**We can achieve greater competitiveness if we invest some
of proceeds of growth in accelerated wage & BIRT reduction
Job growth will expand the real estate tax base**

TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET FY2014-FY2020



Had Philadelphia grown jobs since 2009 at the average rate of America's largest cities (2.3%/year) we would have added 117,000 new jobs, not 71,100....



THE 0.6% JOB DIFFERENCE IS THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE HOME-GROWN AMAZON HQ2

Without expensive subsidies

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics



City-wide Alliance for Growth
Raise incomes, reduce unemployment & poverty
Grow jobs: expand the pie - not just re-slice it



Job growth will also generate more funding locally to fund public services & schools



We have a dense, walkable downtown



A city with great historical attractions



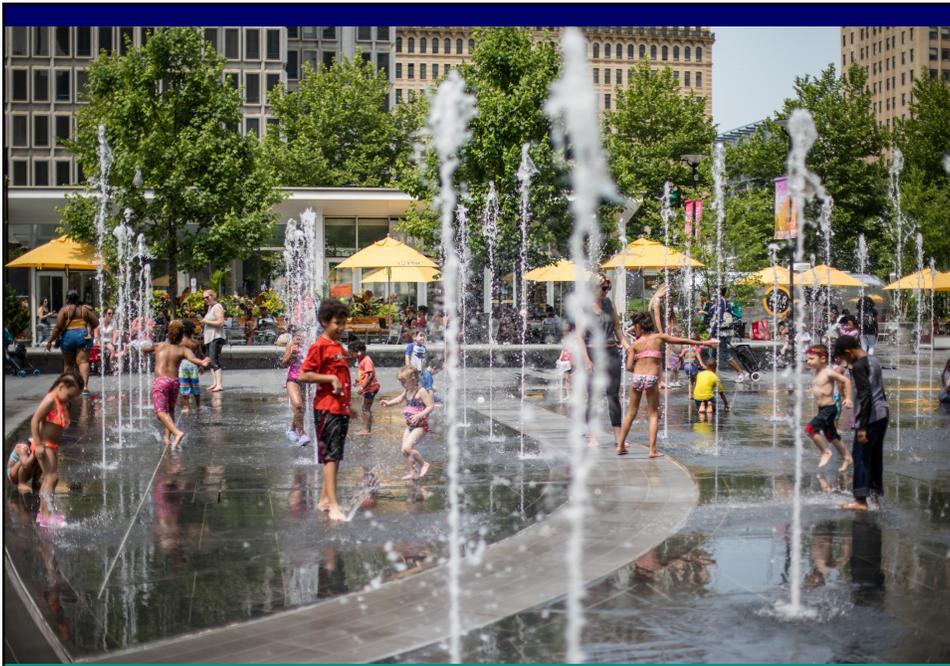
Rich with cultural amenities



A growing realm of high-quality public spaces



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Transit & highways give employers access to...



A very diverse 360 degree labor market



Growing pool of talented & skilled young professionals living downtown



Well-positioned for success



To realize our full potential we need
a city-wide alliance committed to job growth



State of Center City 2019



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